

室温电子封装 技术的发展及展望

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明星大学客座教授

科技引领绿色发展
2021 河北·中日节能环保科技发展高峰云论坛
2021年11月24日



简介



Tadatomo SUGA
须贺 唯知 教授

东京大学教授(1994-2019) 荣誉教授(2019-)
明星大学客座教授(2019-)
中国科学院微电子研究所荣誉教授 (2012-2021)

须贺教授曾在日本历任：

- ① 日本学术会议会员
- ② 日本电子封装学会会长
- ③ 日本砒粒加工学会理事
- ④ 日本精密工学会理事
- ⑤ IEEE CPMT Society Japan Chapter 主席
- ⑥ 日环保设计学会秘书长
- ⑦ NPO环保设计推进机构常务理事等

须贺唯知先生有着30年微电子系统键合的经验，是目前世界先进封装键合领域中的几位大师之一。他提案并研究的固体材料的常温键合（表面活性化连接）技术已广泛应用于微电子集成的各领域中，有着丰富的产学合作经验。



代表著作与专利



科学論文650, 出版著作5

中、美、日 90专利授权

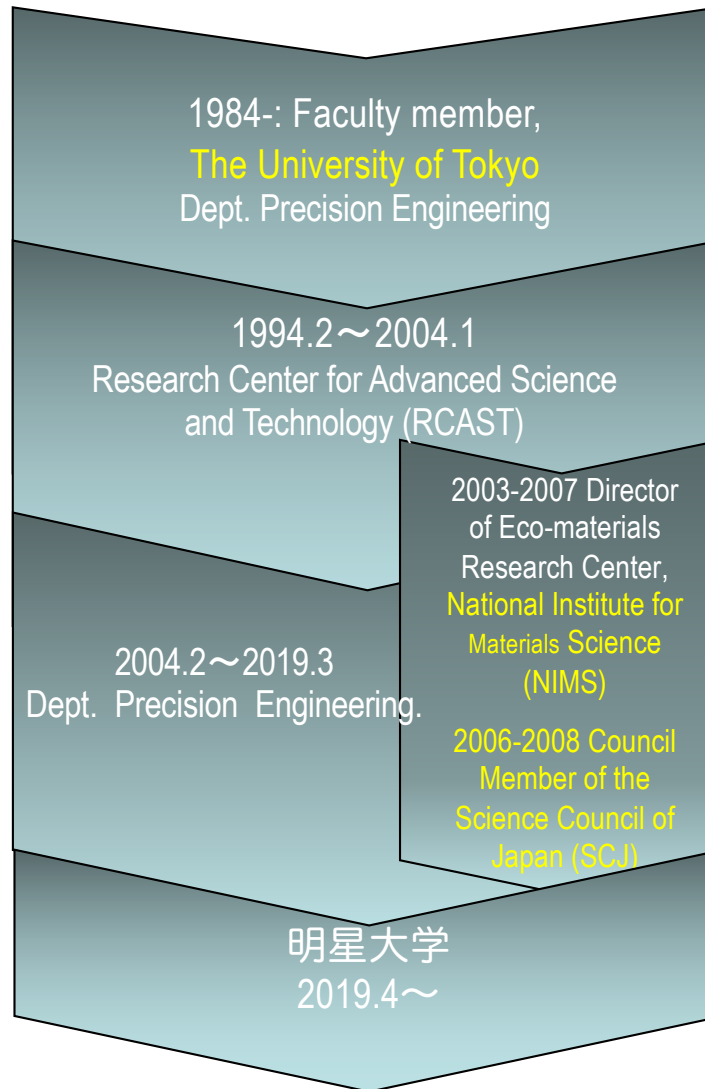
須賀唯知 Tadatomo Suga



Born in Kanazawa, Japan, 1953.

Bachelor 1977,
Master (Engineering) 1979:
University of Tokyo
Prof. H. Funakubo

Max-Planck Institute für
Metallforschung, 1979-1984
Dr. rer nat. , Uni. Stuttgart, 1983
Prof. Fischmeister,
Prof. Gerold, Prof. Pteztow,
Dr. Elssner, Dr. Rühle



Institute for Advanced
Microsystem Integration
(IMSI) 1998 ~.

Ecodesign Promotion
Network
(EcoDeNett) 1999 ~.

EcoPack China
2005 ~ 2019

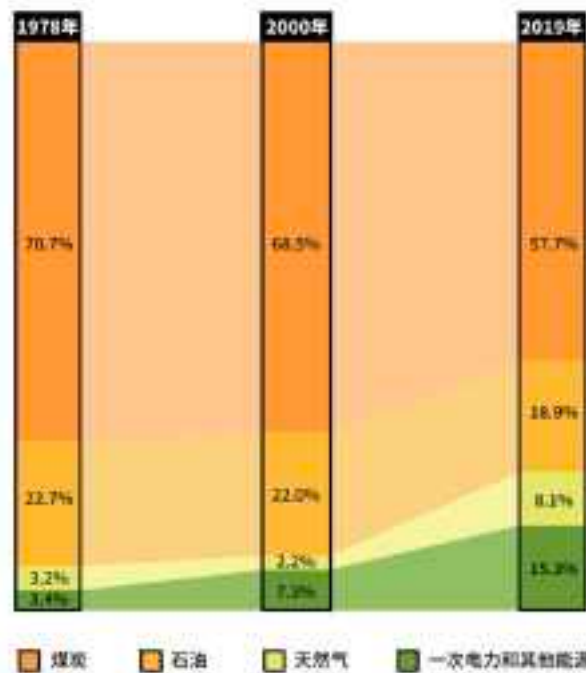
JSPS Research
Committee 191
2015 ~ 2021

Background

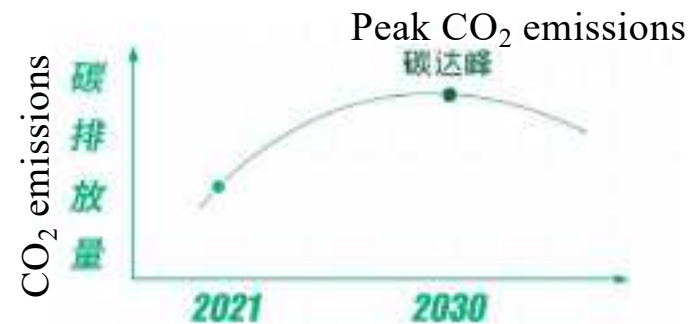


Carbon Neutrality (碳中和)

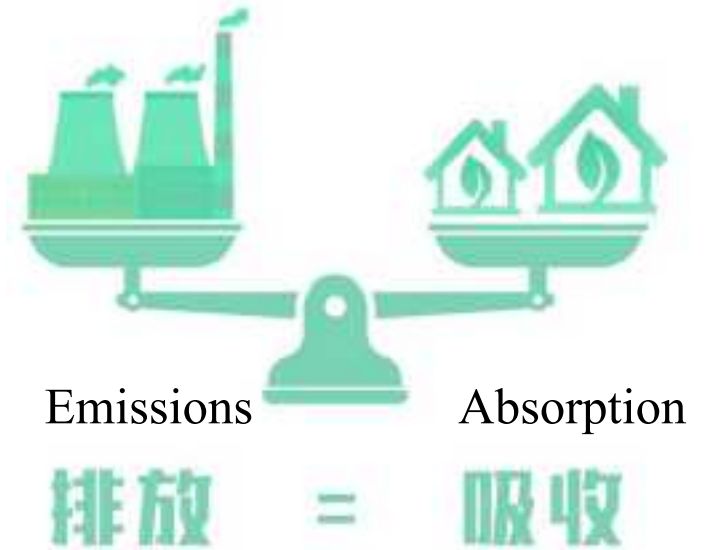
2020年9月22日，中国政府在第七十五届联合国大会上提出：“中国将提高国家自主贡献力度，采取更加有力的政策和措施，二氧化碳排放力争于2030年前达到峰值，努力争取2060年前实现碳中和。”



Coal Oil Gas New energy



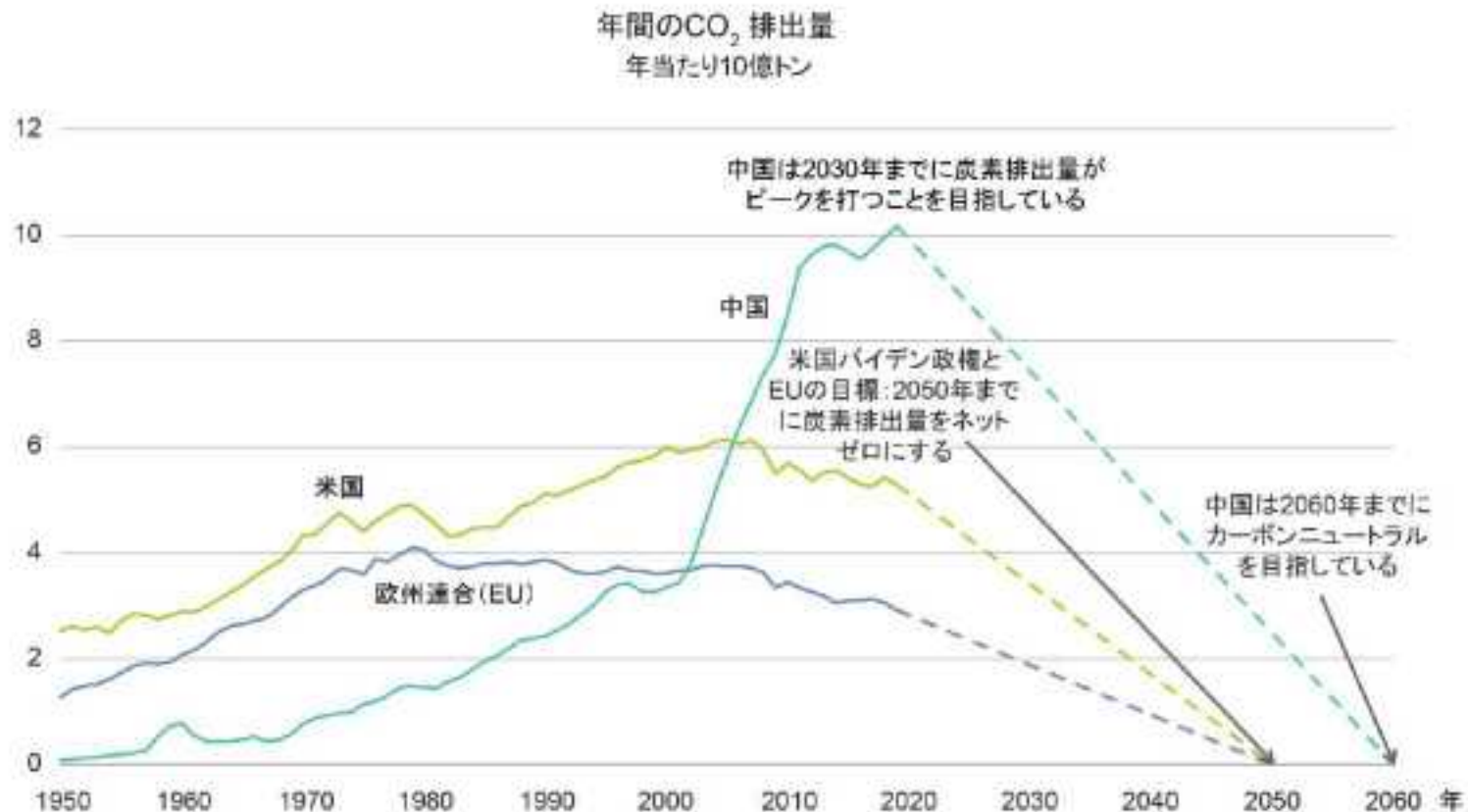
碳 中 和





日本のカーボンニュートラル宣言

- 2020年10月、菅総理は、日本は2050年までに、温室効果ガスの排出を全体としてゼロにする、すなわち2050年カーボンニュートラル、脱炭素社会の実現を目指すことを宣言。
- 2021年4月、米国主催の気候サミットにおいて、菅総理は、2030年度において、温室効果ガスの2013年度からの46%削減を目指すことを宣言するとともに、さらに、50%の高みに向け、挑戦を続けていく決意を表明。





Solutions: グリーン成長戦略(重点14分野)

New Energies

エネルギー関連産業

① 洋上風力・
太陽光・地熱産業
(次世代再生可能エネルギー)

② 水素
・燃料アンモニア産業

③ 次世代
熱エネルギー産業

④ 原子力産業

New Green Technologies

輸送・製造関連産業

⑤ 自動車・
蓄電池産業

⑦ 船舶産業

⑨ 食料・農林水産業

⑪ カーボンリサイクル
・マテリアル産業

⑥ 半導体・
情報通信産業

⑧ 物流・人流・
土木インフラ産業

⑩ 航空機産業

令和3年6月18日
「2050年カーボンニュートラルに伴う
グリーン成長戦略」(概要資料) 抜粋

家庭・オフィス関連産業

⑫ 住宅・建築物産業
・次世代電力
マネジメント産業

⑬ 資源循環関連産業

⑭ ライフスタイル
関連産業



Solutions: New Green Technologies

■ New Material

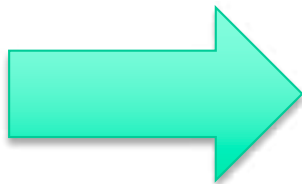
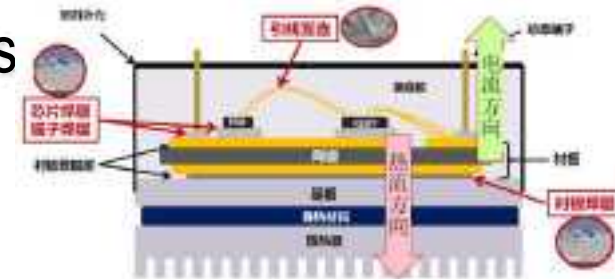
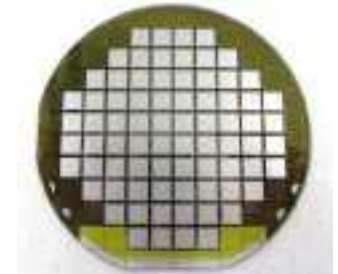
- Semiconductor bonded wafers / Engineering wafers

■ New Devices / Module / Components

- ## ■ 3D integrated semiconductor devices, Power modules

■ New Process / Equipment

- Innovative interconnect technology, Wafer bonder



新基建: New infrastructure

智能制造: Smart manufacturing

车联网/物联网: Internet of Vehicles/Internet of Things

AI智能视觉: AI smart vision

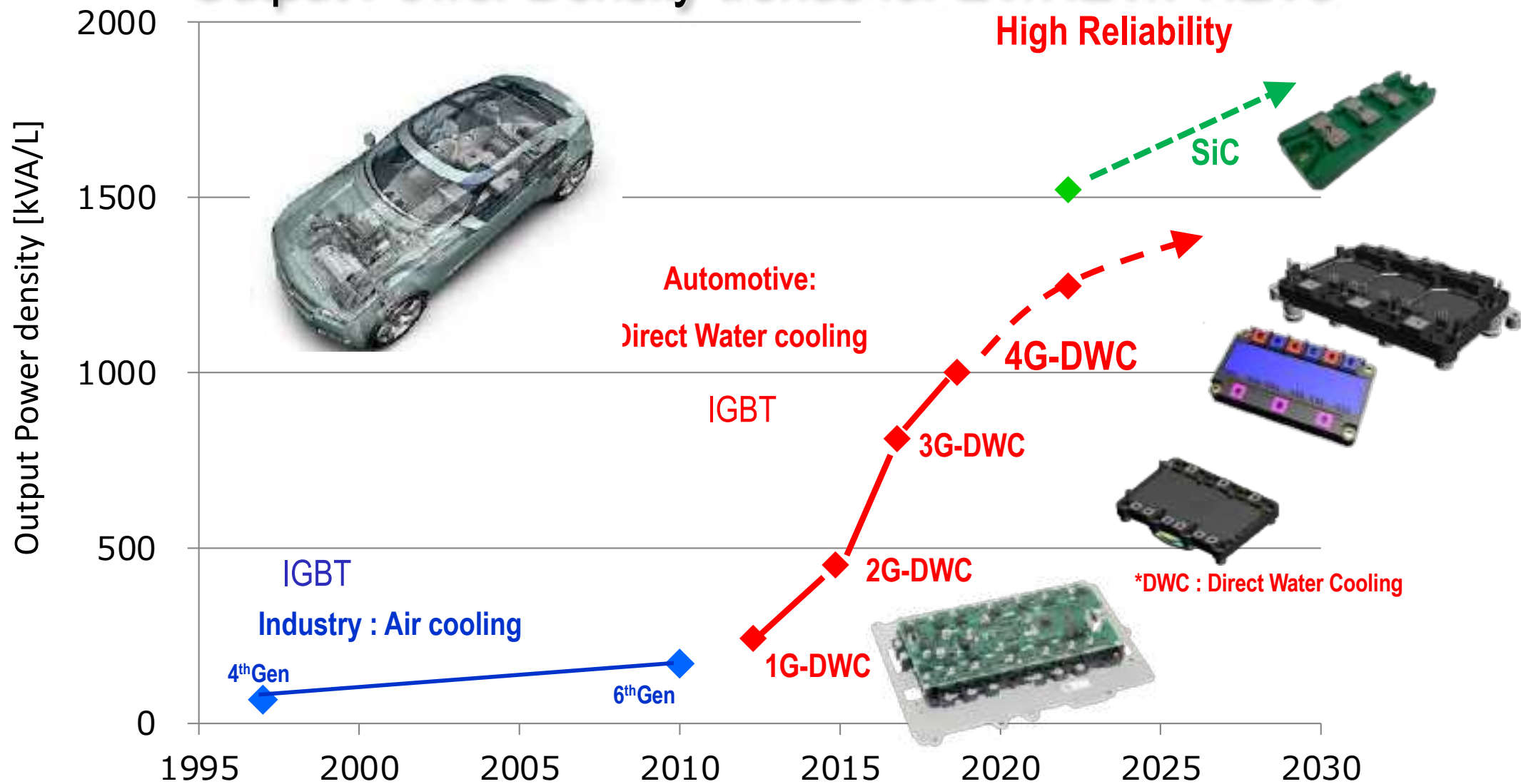
5G通讯: 5G communication

功率器件集成: Power device integration

Examples: Power electronics
for high power density and high frequency



Output Power Density trends for EV/HEV/PHEVs

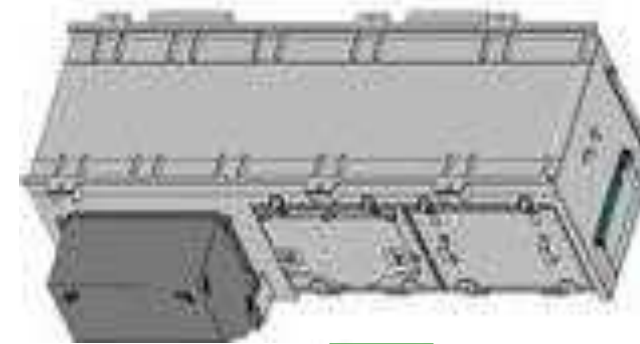
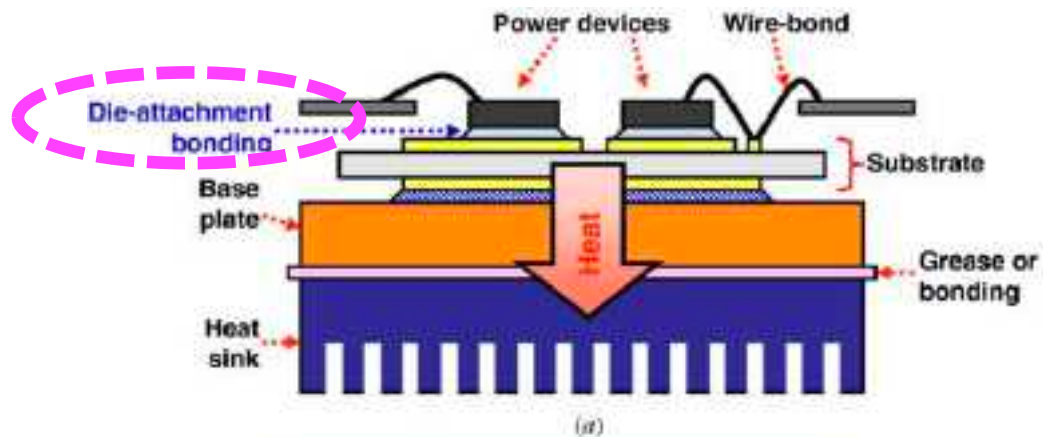


* Output Power density [kVA/L] = Max output power [kVA] / Module volume [L] in continuous

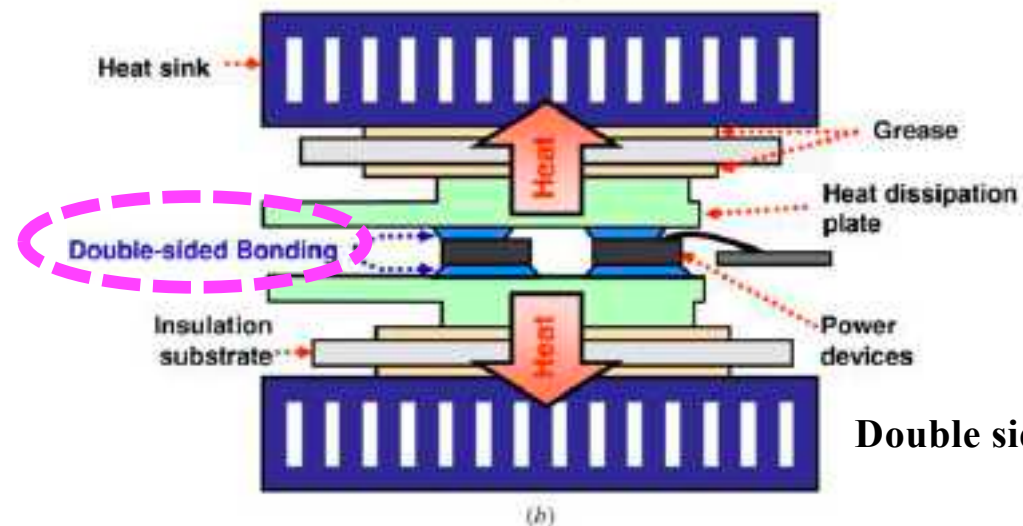


Power module

High power density, High reliability, High performance



Si traction inverter



Double side cooling

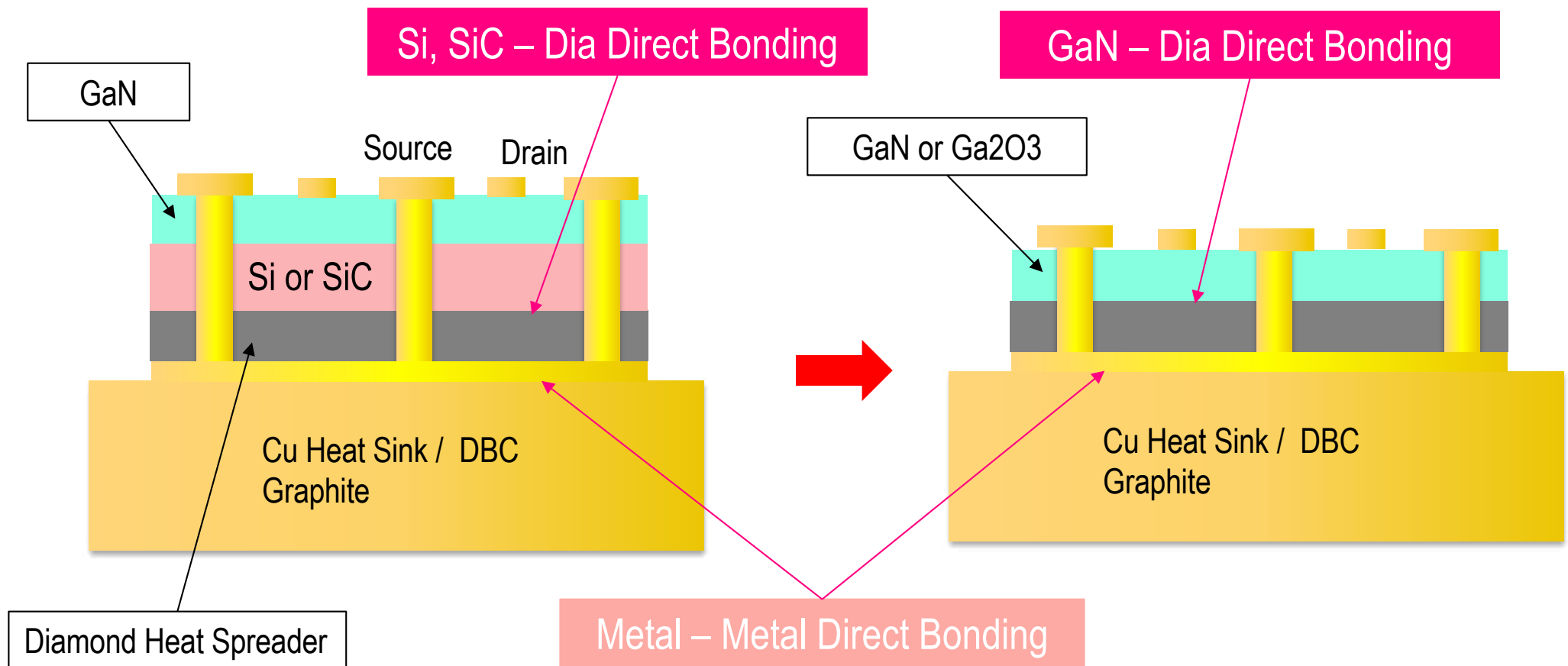


All-SiC traction inverter



Solution of Thermal Problems of High-Power Module

New Materials and New Interconnect technology





Power Semiconductors

New Materials: $\text{Si} \rightarrow \text{SiC} \rightarrow \text{GaN} \rightarrow \text{Ga}_2\text{O}_3$

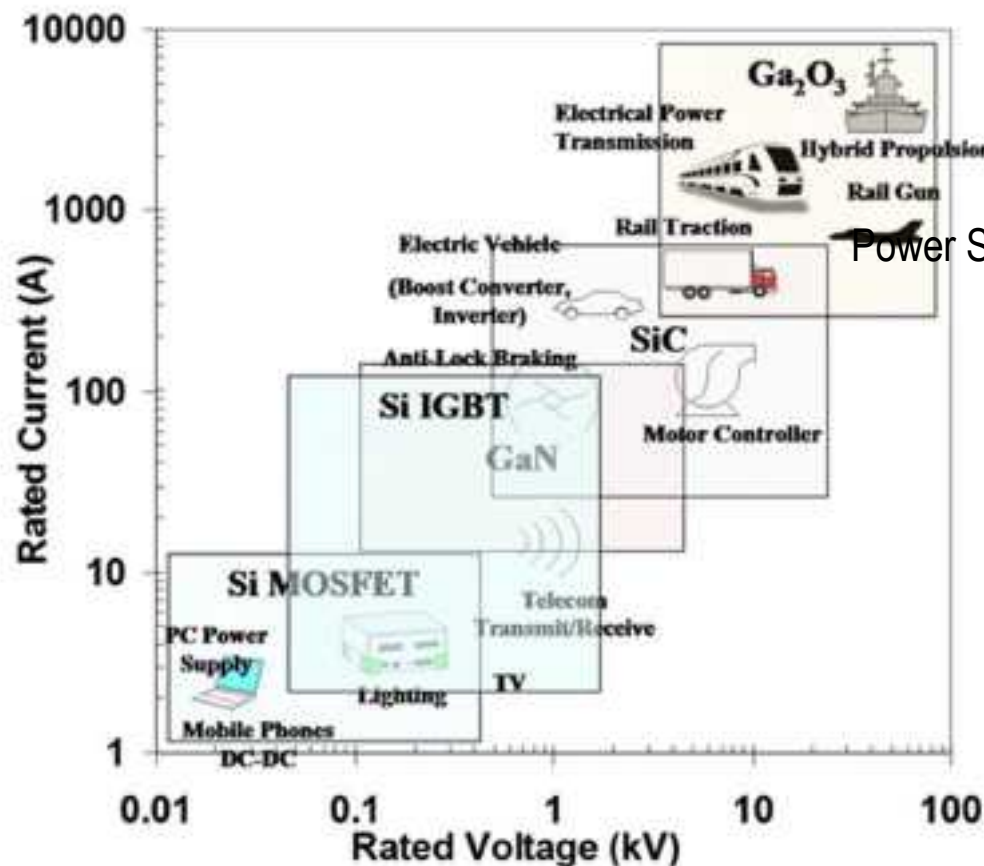


FIG. 4. Applications for Si, SiC, GaN, and Ga_2O_3 power electronics in terms of current and voltage requirements.

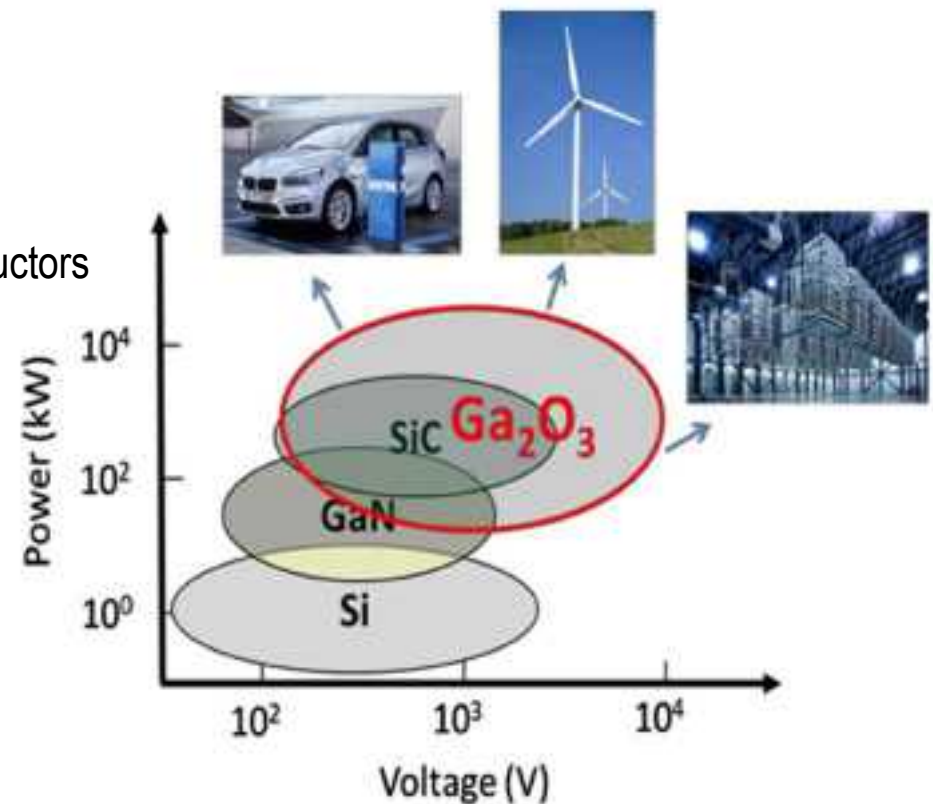
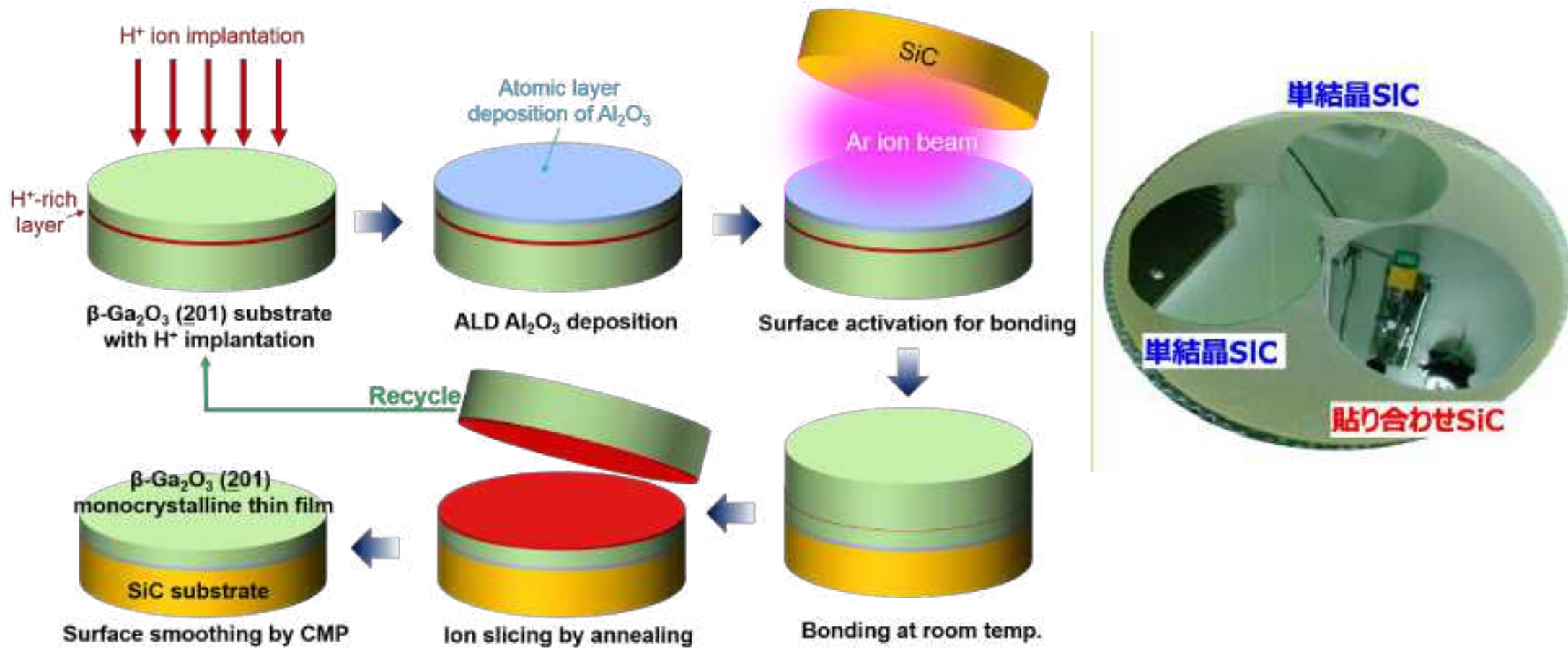


FIG. 5. Additional possible applications for Ga_2O_3 include fast chargers for electric vehicles, high voltage direct current (HVDC) for data centers, and alternative energy sources. These are used to interconnect separate power



Power Semiconductors

New Fabrication Process: SAB Wafer bonding

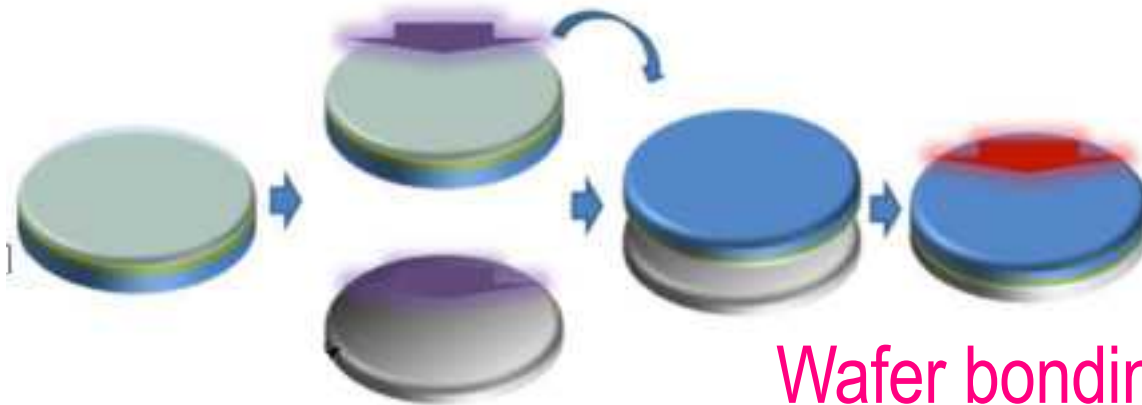


Cheng, Z, et al.: Thermal Transport across Ion-Cut Monocrystalline $\beta\text{-Ga}_2\text{O}_3$ Thin Films and Bonded $\beta\text{-Ga}_2\text{O}_3\text{-SiC}$ Interfaces. *ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces* **2020**,

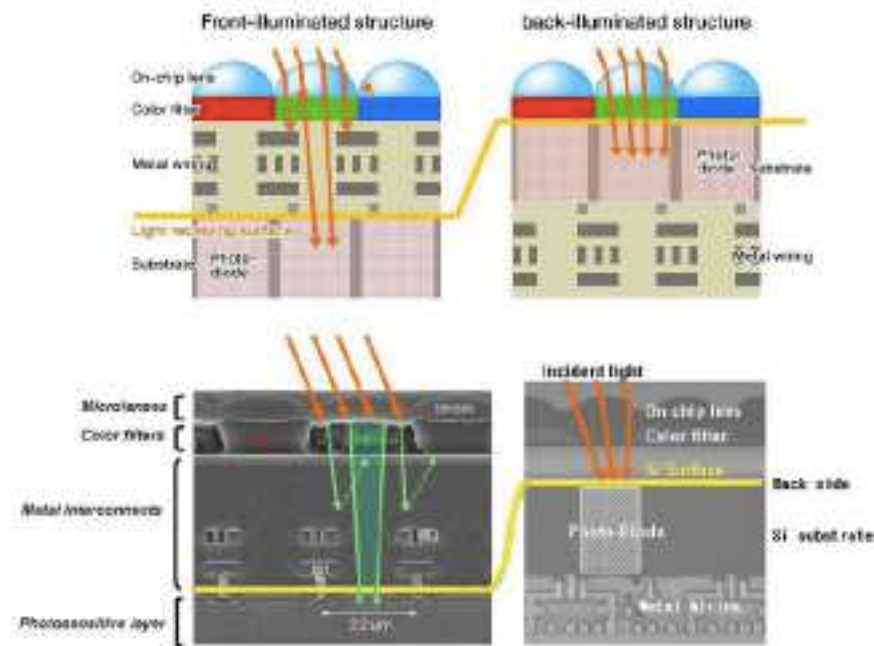
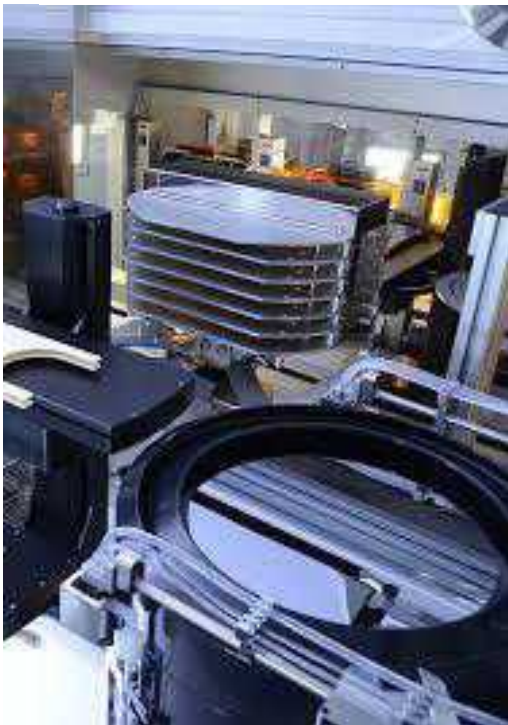
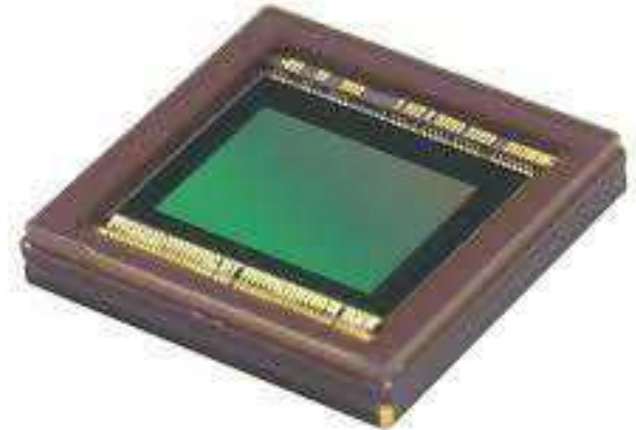
Examples: Semiconductor 3D Integration and Smart Sensors



BSI-CMOS Image sensor



Wafer bonding



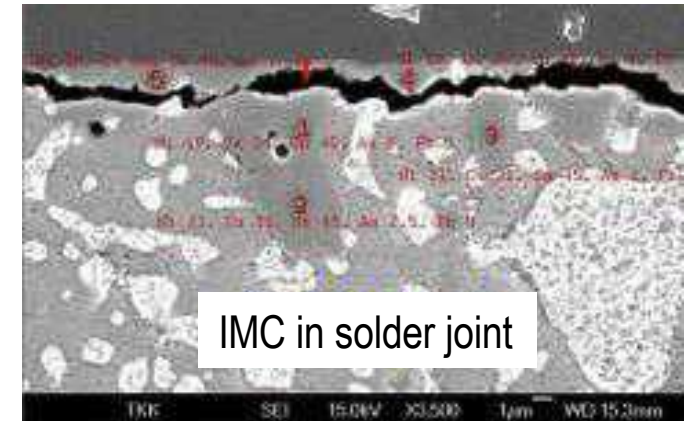
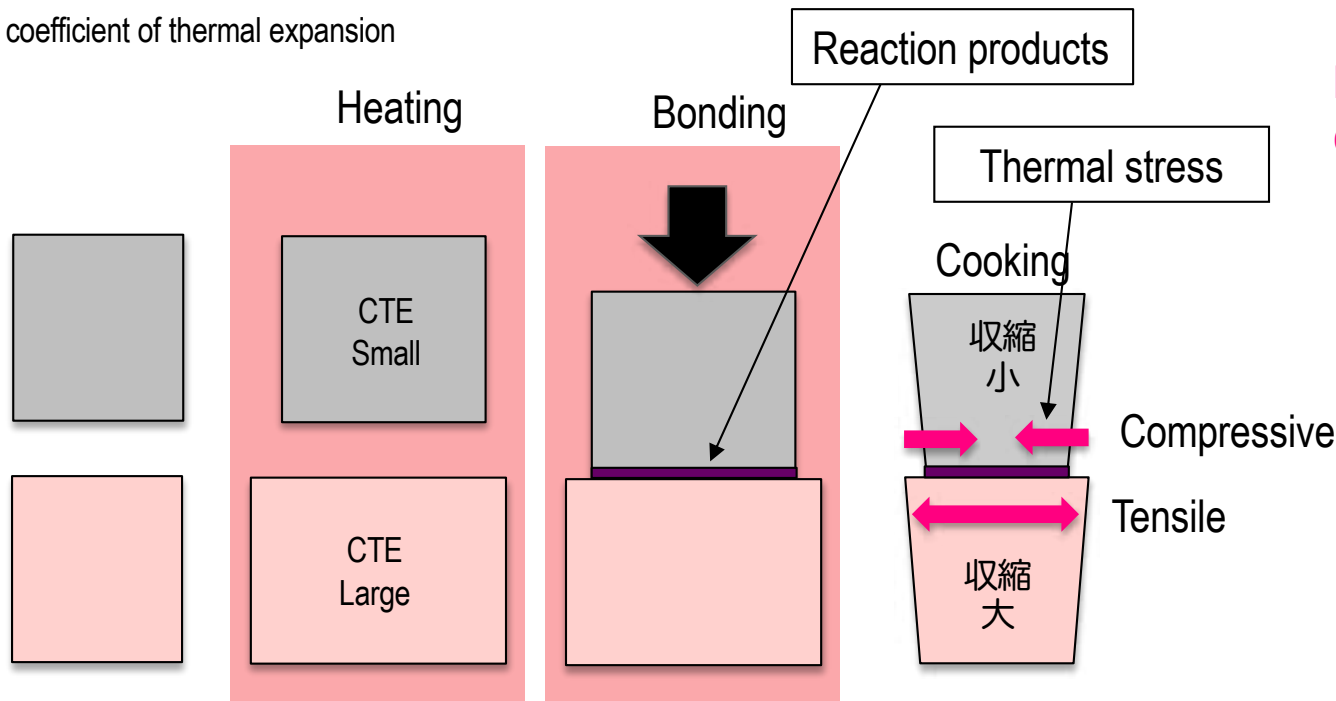
Hybrid bonding



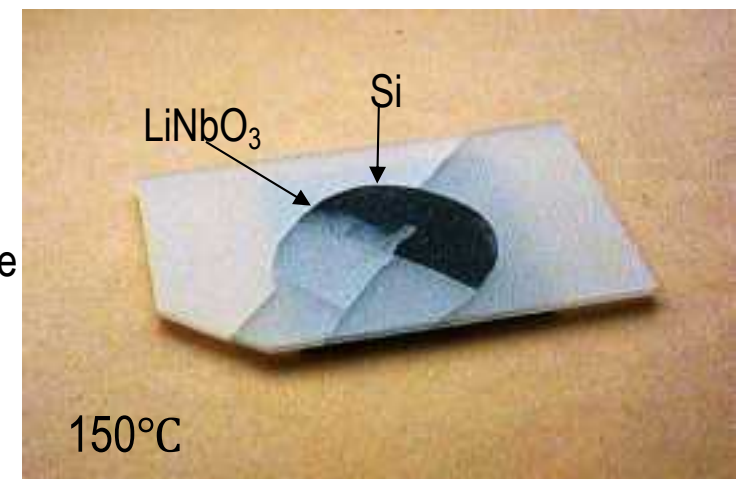
Conventional bonding methods

- High temperature process using bonding agents (solder, sintering agents, adhesives)
- Resulting to formation of brittle reaction layers, and/or thermal stresses / large warpage
 - Low yield, low reliability

Mismatch in CTE
coefficient of thermal expansion



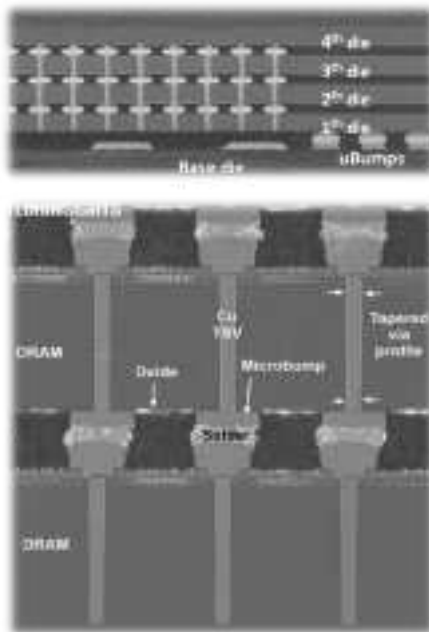
Low reliability due to IMC (intermetallic compound) formation



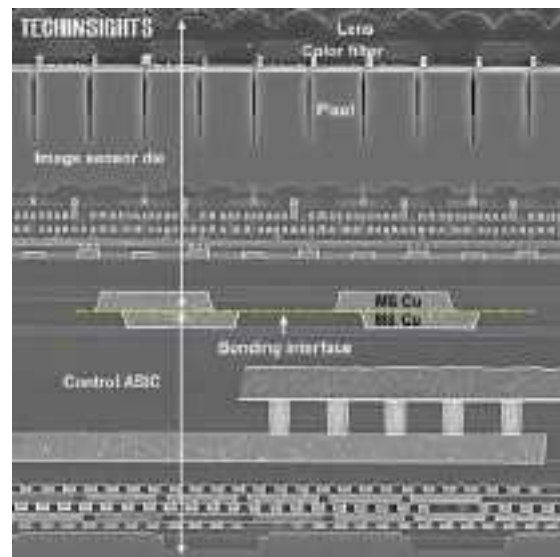
Warpage and cracks due to thermal stress



Trend of Semiconductor 3D Integration



Bump bonding
Solder bonding



Sony IMX260 Wafer Bonding

Bump-less bonding
Solder-less bonding



High density
Sub-micron bonding

Direct bonding
at Room temperature

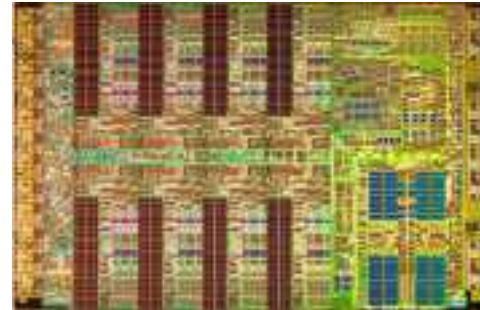
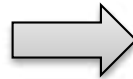


Future of 3D integration

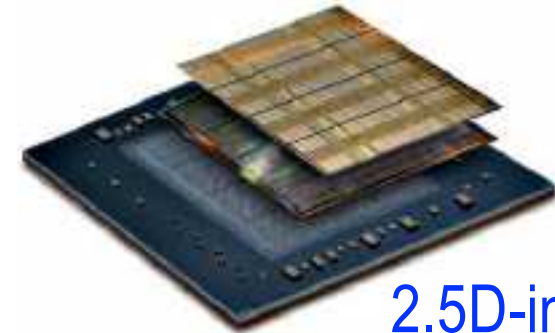
2D-integration



Jack Kilby's pioneering integrated circuit (1958)



>10 million transistors (2012)



2.5D-integration

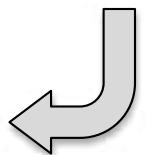
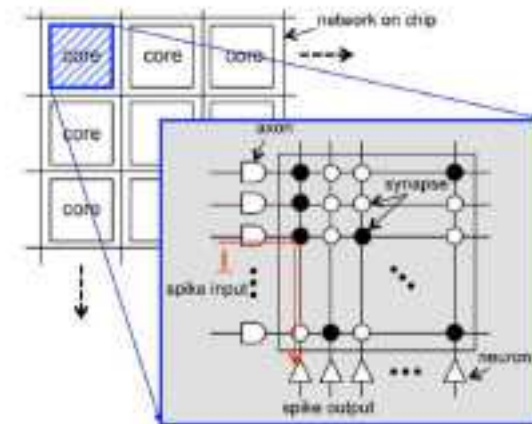
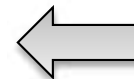
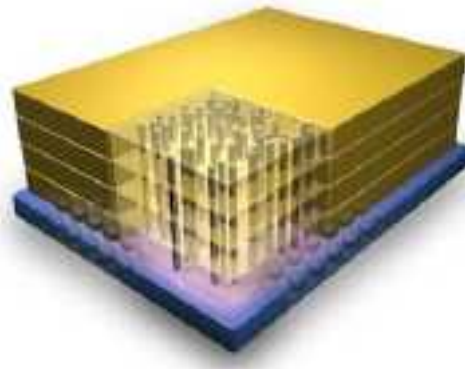
28nm 2.5D FPGA "Virtex-7 2000T" Xilinx (2011)

Cognitive Computing
10 billion Neurons



3D-integration

Currently only 10 tiers



1 million Neurons
Neuromorphic Computing device (IBM 2014)

to go over 10,000 tiers ($2^{14}=16,384$)

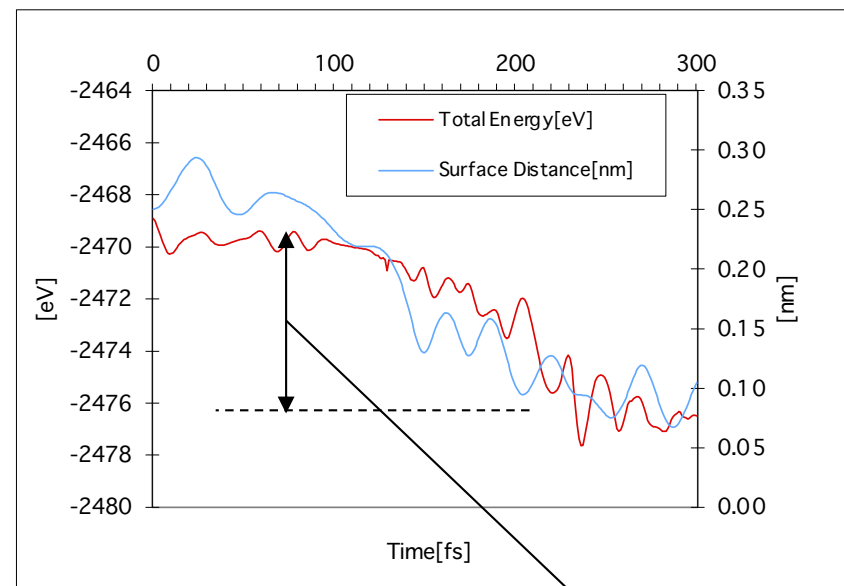
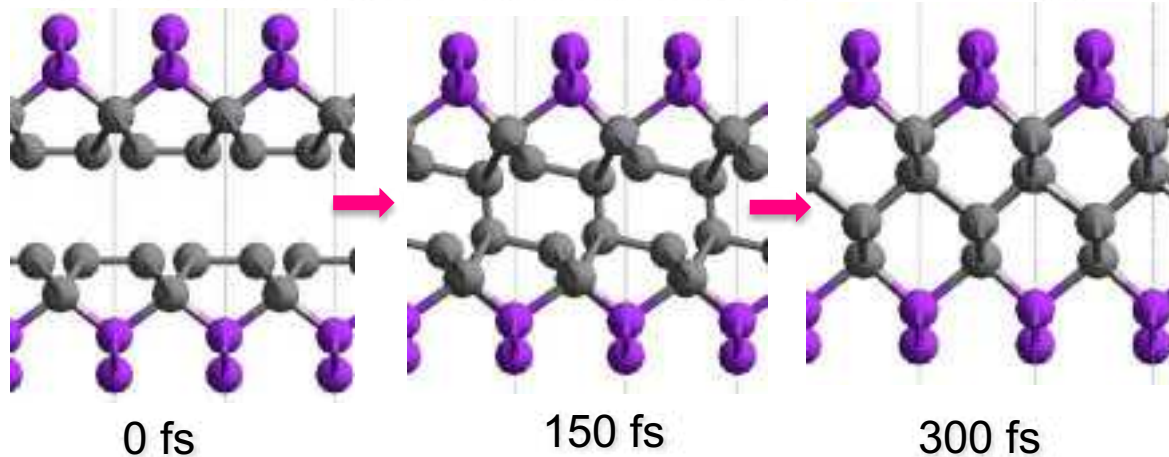
Core Concept: Key Technology

Surface Activated Bonding (SAB)
表面活性化常温接合



Solid state contact between two materials

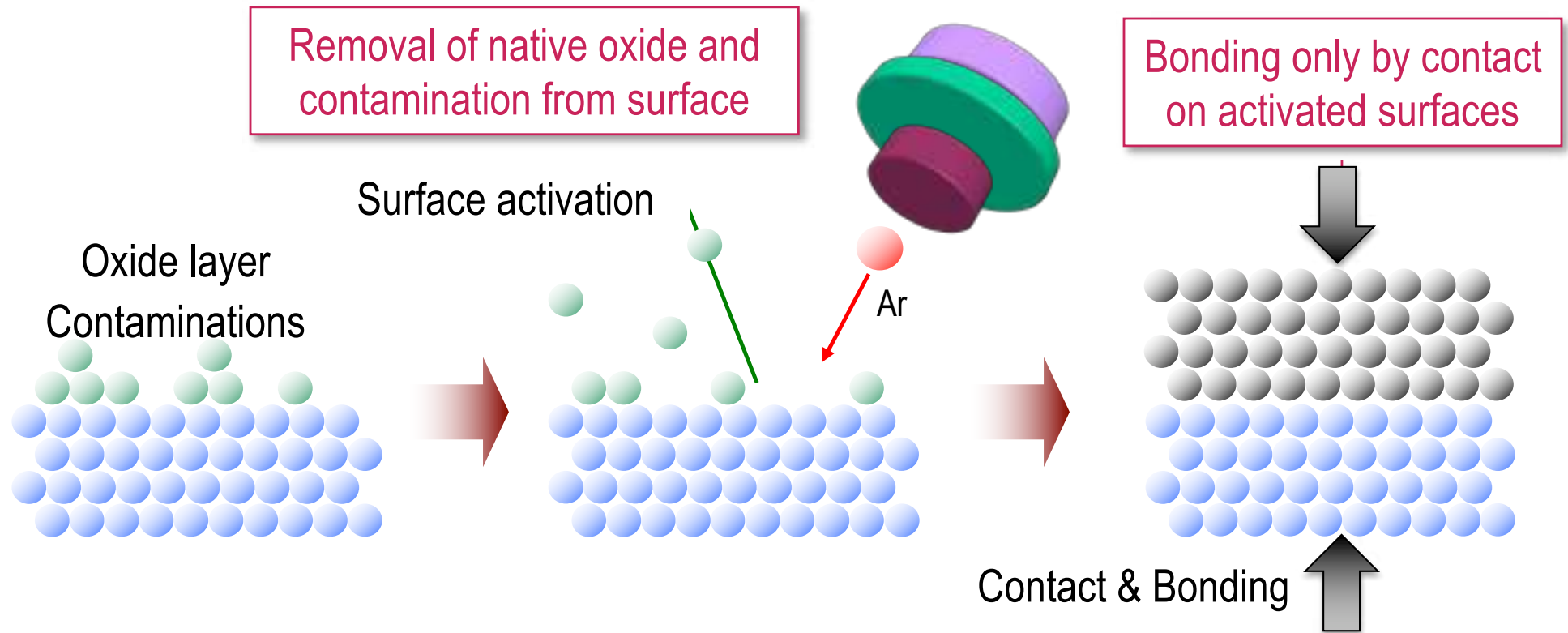
Contact of diamond (001) surfaces 1st Principle MD Simulation



Energy gain by bonding



Surface Activated Bonding (SAB)



■ Direct bonding at room temperature

- High through put, High alignment accuracy
- No thermal damage, no reaction layer, no void.
- High flexibility in material selection

■ Bonded pairs

- Cu, Ni, Al, Au, Ti, etc
- Si, Ge, GaAs, SiC, etc
- Ga_2O_3 , LiNbO_3 , Sapphire

地球・アステク
宇宙科学の未来



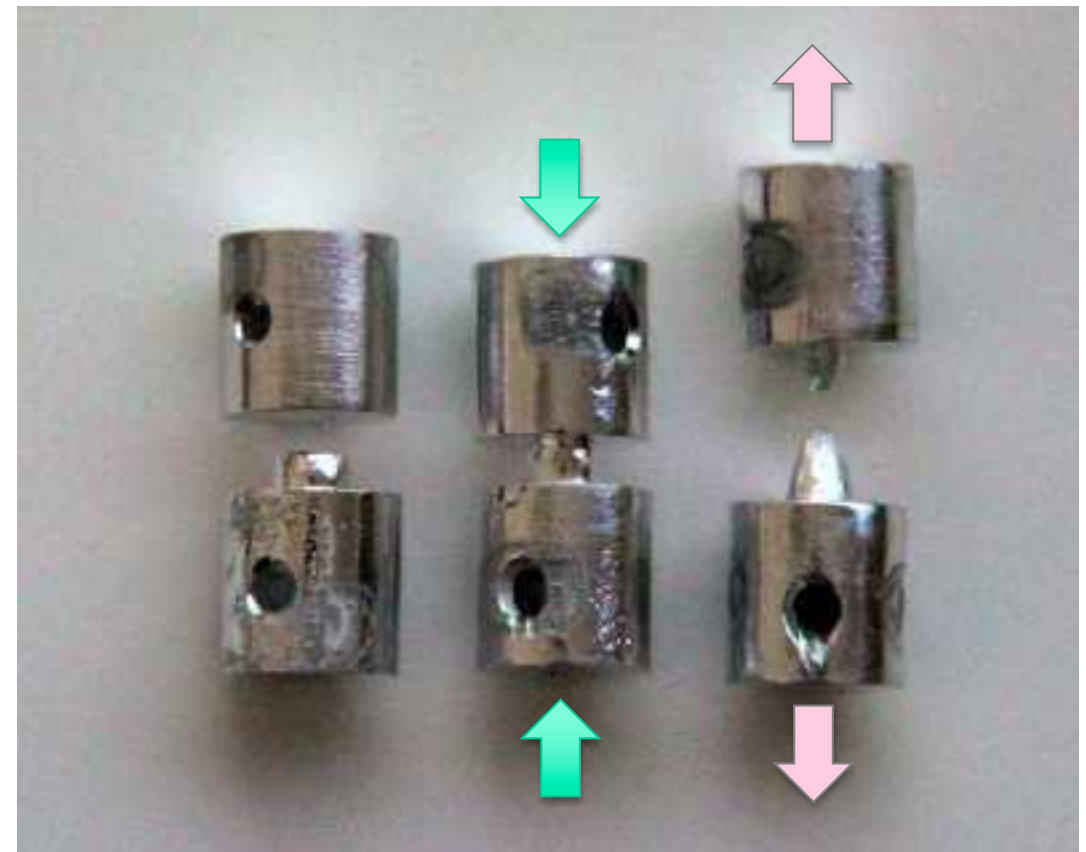
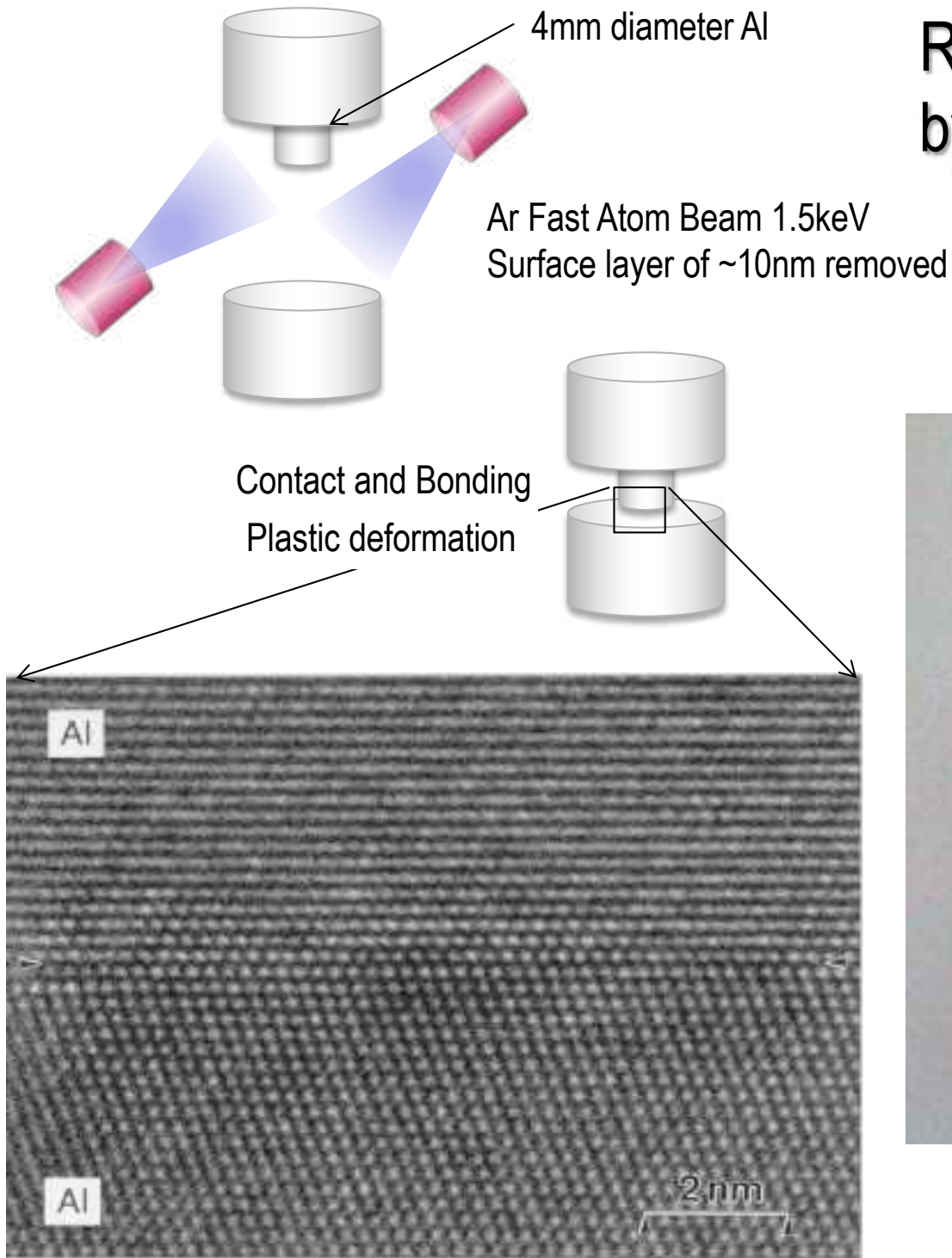
アルミニウム材料

Room temperature the bonding of small aluminum rods in ultra-high vacuum chamber using 1.5 keV Ar atom beam irradiation for few minutes.

The result was in the video clip.

copyright@地球アステク 2012

Room temperature bonding of Al-Al by Surface Activated Bonding (SAB)



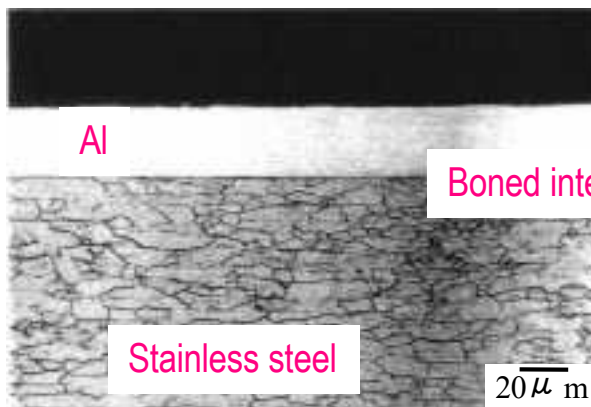
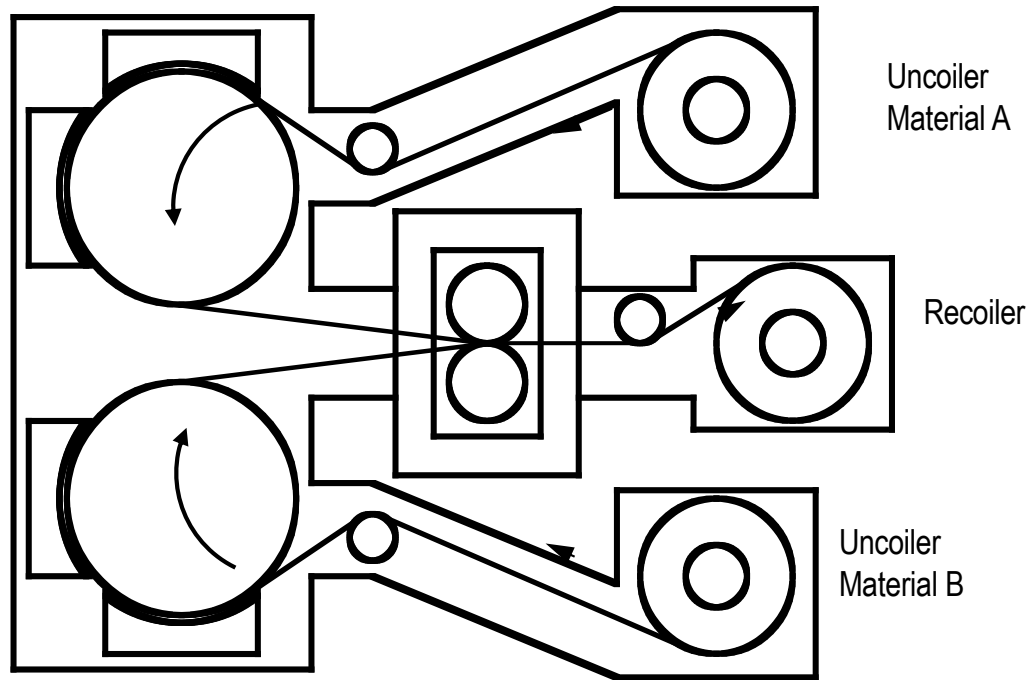
Before

Bonding

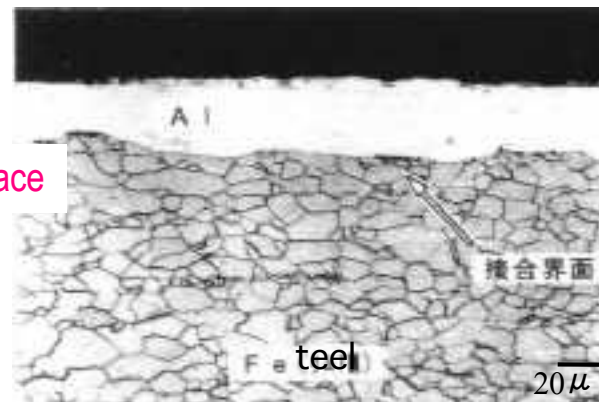
Fracture test

Applications of SAB in volume production

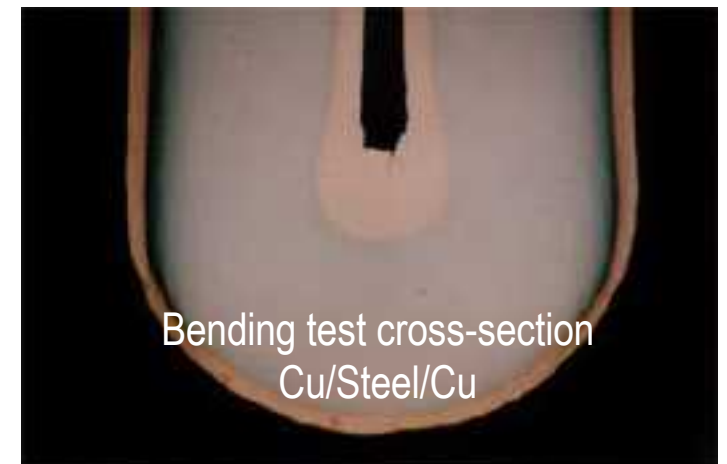
Metal laminates by SAB (FINE CLAD®)



SAB



Cold rolling



华为nova 2 Plus魔镜版采用的是业界首创的双金属复合材质。



太阳雨科技

百家号 17-08-12 16:31

华为nova 2 Plus魔镜版采用的是业界首创的双金属复合材质，也就是说它的本质还是一部金属手机，这点一定不能混淆。华为nova 2 Plus魔镜版将250微米的高硬度精钢与内铝材质结合在一起，保证镜面亮度与材质的轻盈与坚固。

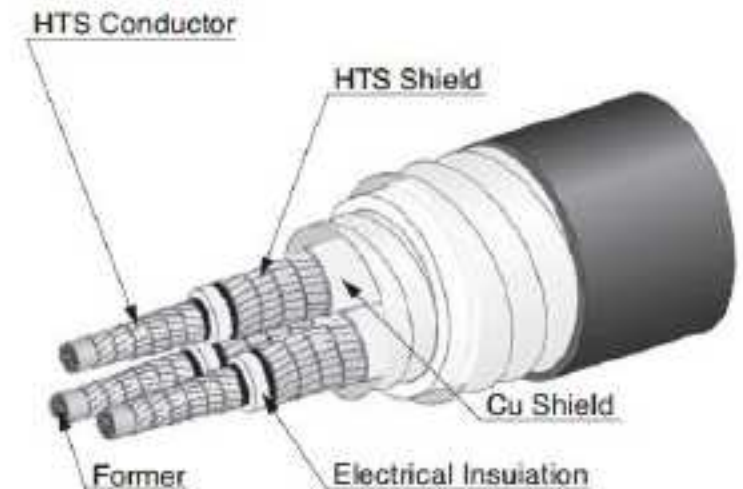
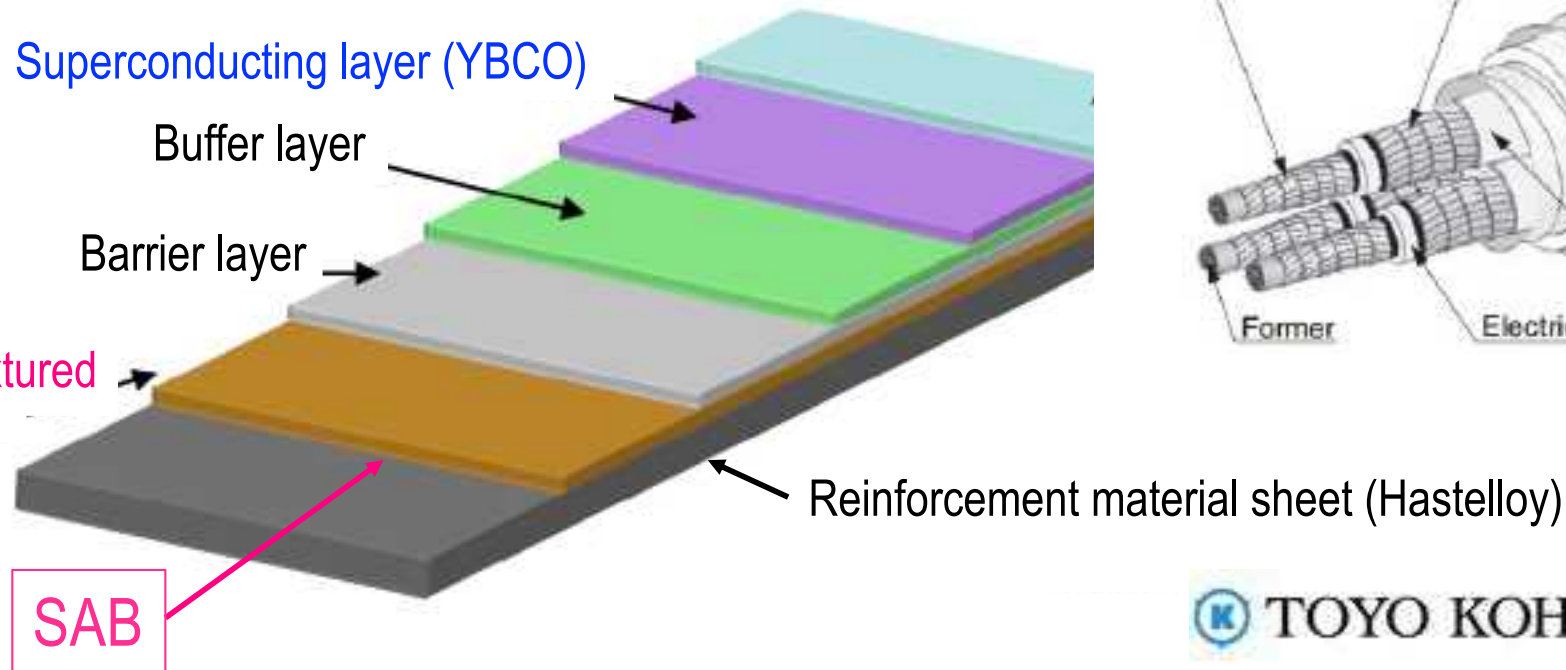


具体来说，所谓的双金属复合工艺和传统制造工艺不同，使用了低压与真空压延的方式，核心工艺就是真空环境下去氧化层，再进行低温低压压合。一般来说，传统的金属复合材料采用高温高压压合工艺，但这会导致金属变形和表面不平整。华为是在真空环境下实现低温压合的，将金属表面附着的氧化物进行表面活性化处理，再通过压接进行复合。



Substrate for High-Temperature Superconductors

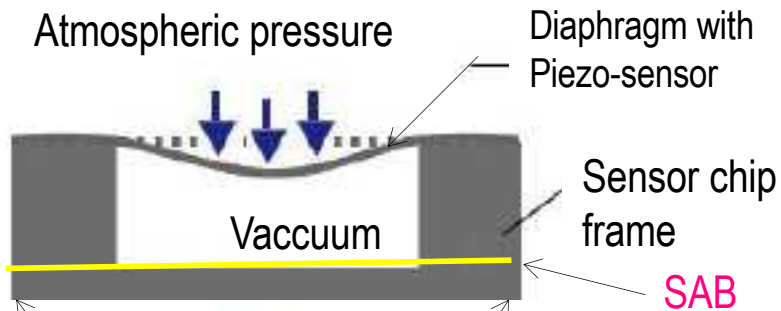
High temperature superconductors (HTS) for power cables is made by pulsed laser deposition (PLD) on a **biaxially-textured Cu layer**, which is fabricated as a clad on a reinforcement material sheet by the SAB.



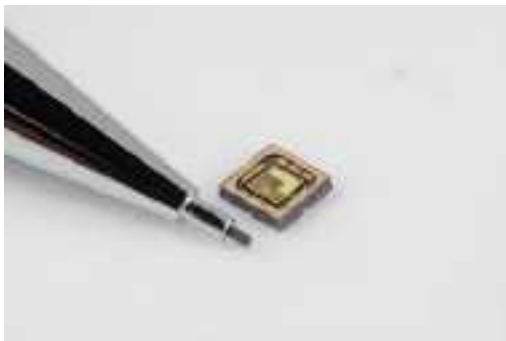
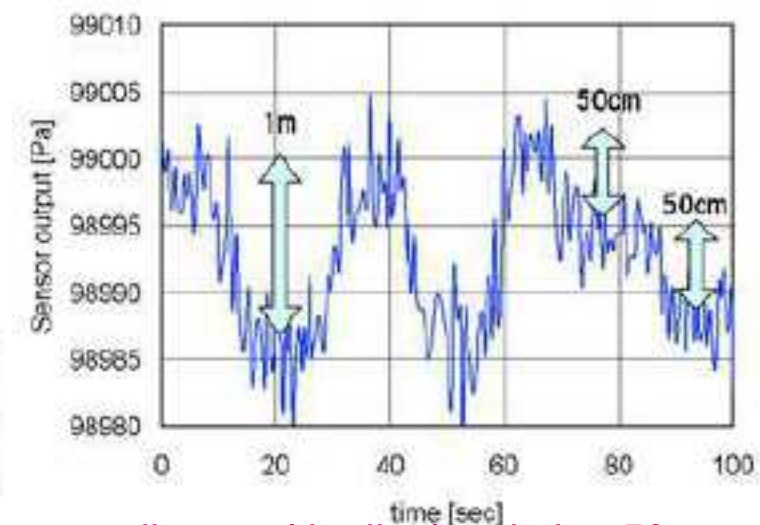
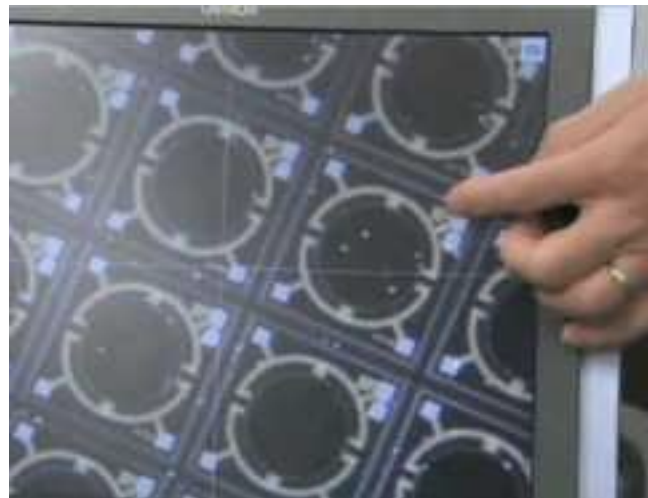
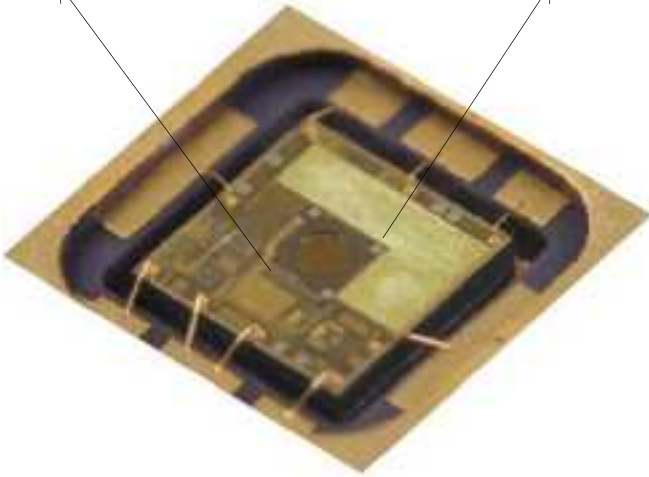
MEMS absolute pressure sensor fabricated by SAB wafer bonding

OMRON

2012



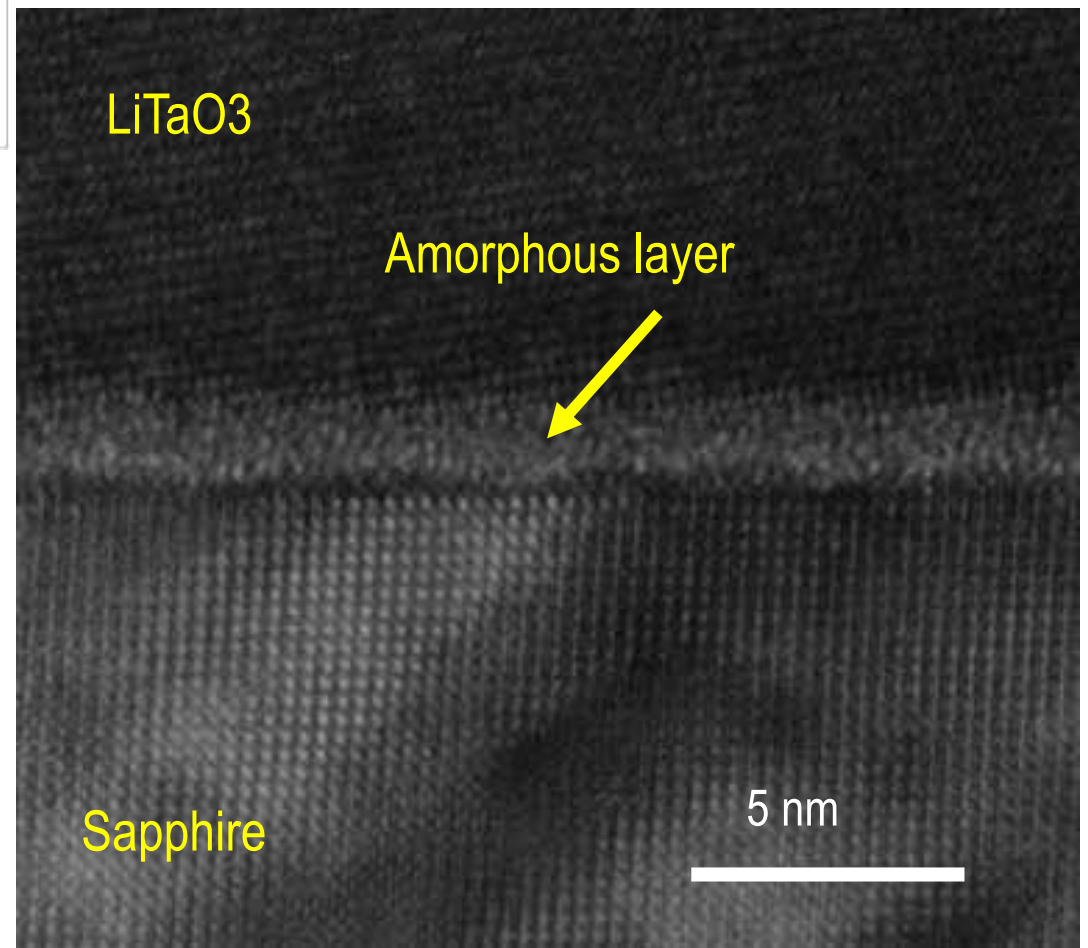
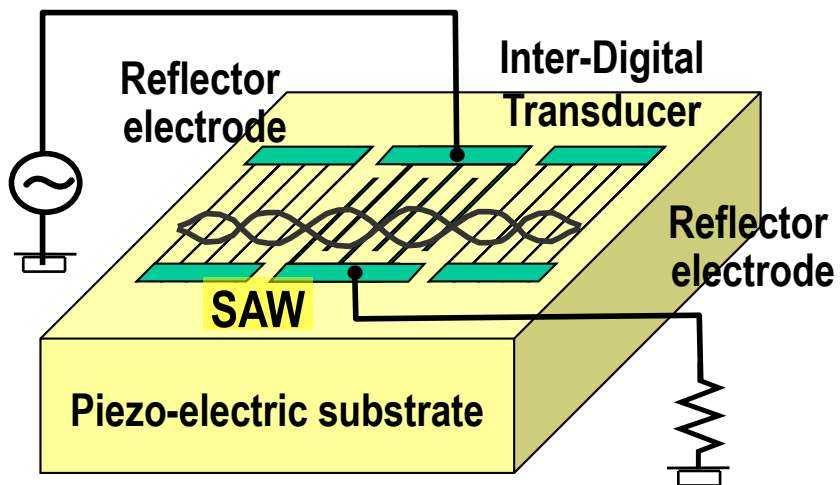
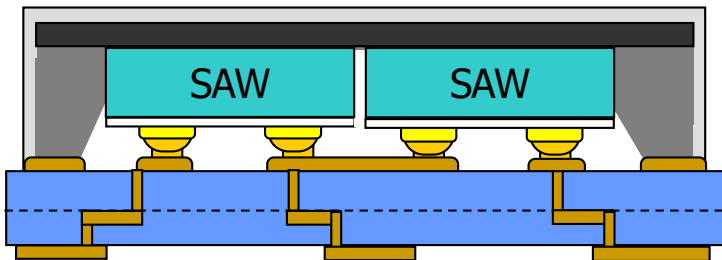
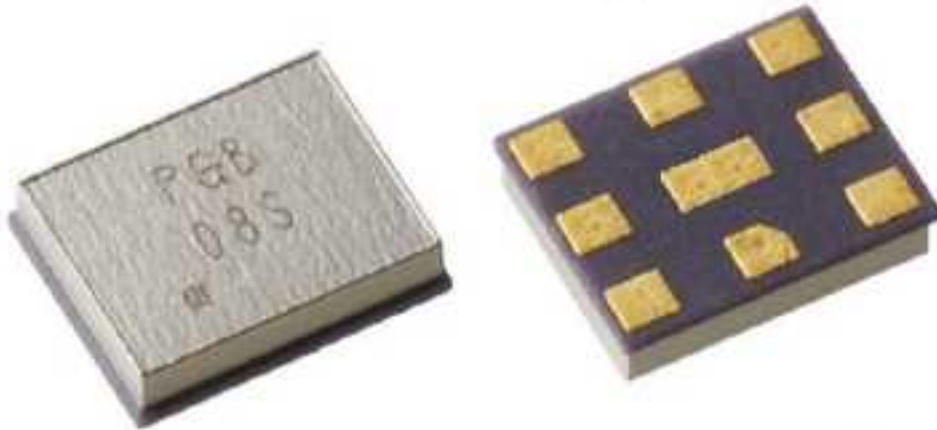
The pressure sensor detects variation in atmospheric pressure relative to a vacuum cavity created inside the sensor chip by SAB. The resolution is 5 Pa, corresponding to altitudinal variation as small as 50cm. It is installed in a commercial **Pedometer** which can track the walking record also for the number of steps on stairs.



The resolution is 5 Pa, corresponding to altitudinal variation 50cm.



LiTaO₃/sapphire SAW device fabricated by SAB





SAB Applications for Photovoltaic Devices

■ Multi-junction Solar Cells: Semiconductor wafer bonding

World Record Solar Cell with 44.7% Efficiency Fraunhofer ISE

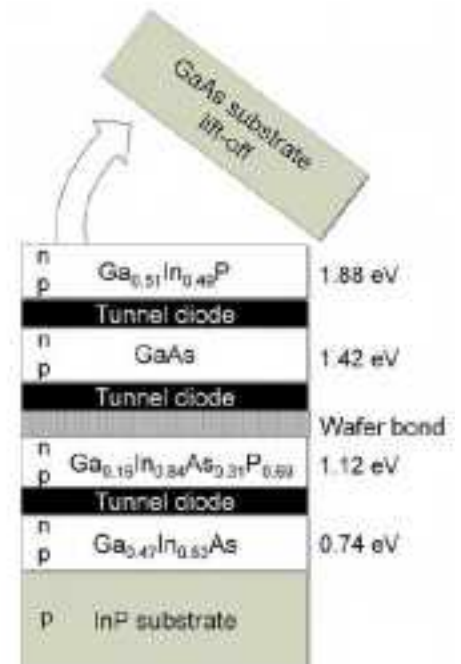
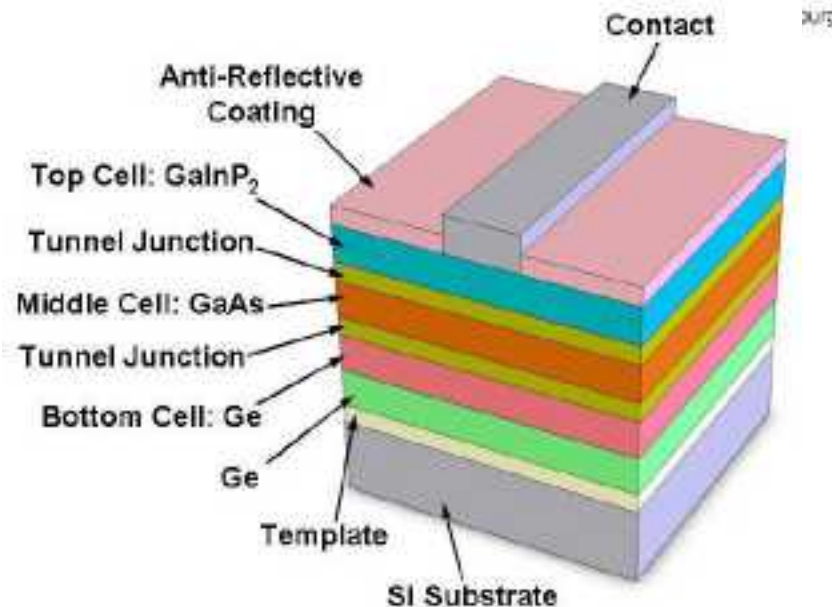
Press Release 22/13, September 23, 2013

Wafer bonded four-junction GaInP/GaAs//GaInAsP/GaInAs concentrator solar cells with 44.7% efficiency

Frank Dimroth^{1*}, Matthias Grave¹, Paul Beutel¹, Ulrich Fiedeler¹, Christian Karcher¹, Thomas N. D. Tibbits¹, Eduard Oliva¹, Gerald Siefer¹, Michael Schachtner¹, Alexander Wekkeli¹, Andreas W. Bett¹, Rainer Krause², Matteo Piccin², Nicolas Blanc², Charlotte Drazek², Eric Guiot², Bruno Ghyselen², Thierry Salvétat³, Aurélie Tauzin³, Thomas Sinamarche³, Anja Dobrich⁴, Thomas Hannappel^{4†} and Klaus Schwarzburg⁴



World record solar cell with 44.7% efficiency, made up of four solar subcells based on III-V compound semiconductors for use in concentrator photovoltaics. ©Fraunhofer ISE



Collaboration in China



All-SiC pressure sensor fabrication using SAB of SiC wafer at room temperature



中国科学院微电子研究所

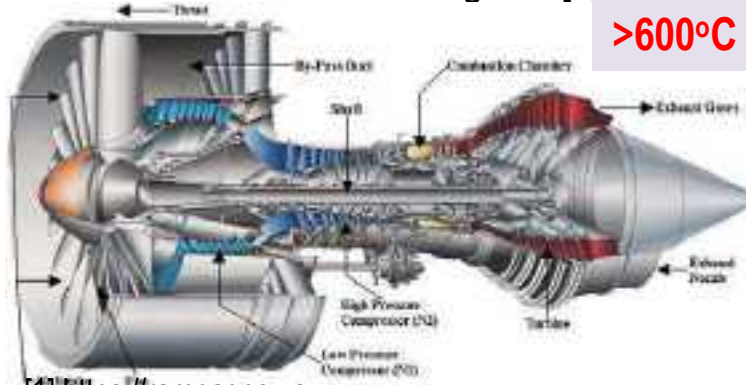
INSTITUTE OF MICROELECTRONICS OF THE CHINESE ACADEMY OF SCIENCES



MEMS for Harsh Environmental Applications

- **Harsh Environments** includes extremes of temperature, pressure, shock, radiation and chemical attack.

Gas turbines/Aircraft engines [1]



[1] <https://rampages.us>

Automotive engines [2]



[2] <http://buster1951.cgsociety.org>

**Efficient
&
Safe**

Geothermal [3]



[3] <http://www.greenpeace.org>

Space exploration [4]



[4] www.wallcoo.com

- **Real-time sensing in harsh environments** enables monitoring of combustion, subsurface environments, and critical components.



Integrated SiC Sensors & Electronics

■ Requirement for MEMS Devices

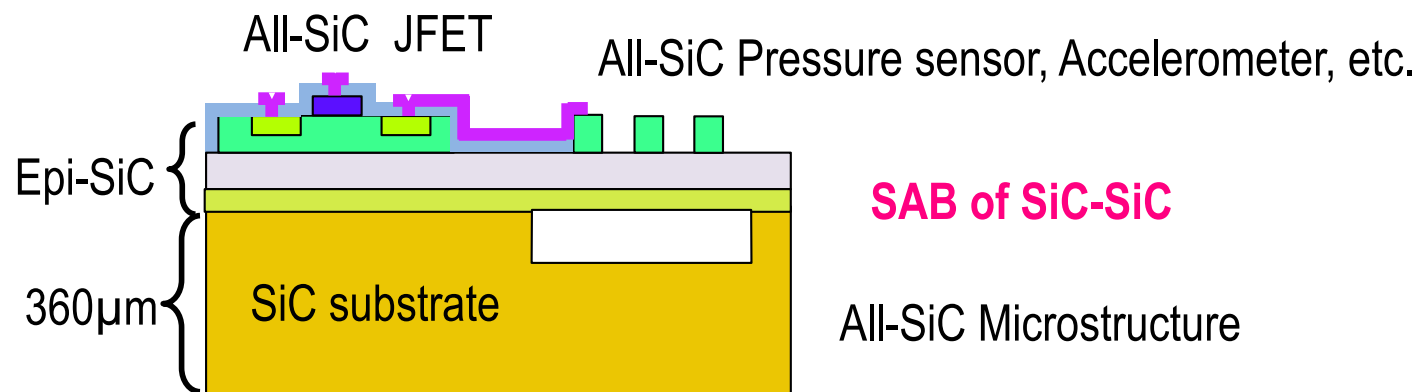
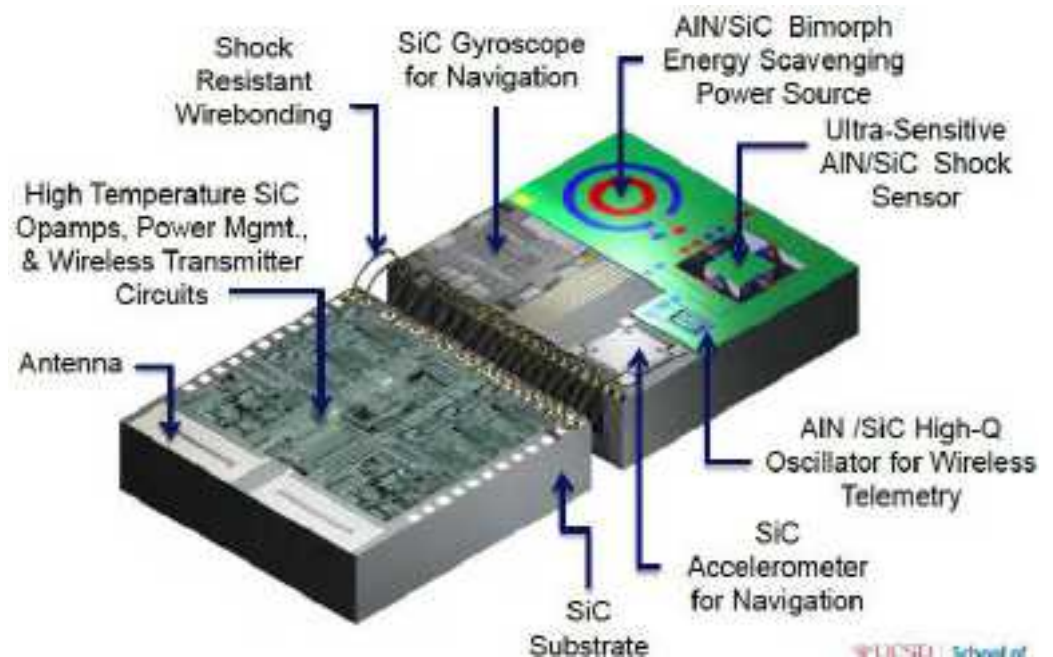
- High temperature operation
- Harsh environment
- Real time sensing

■ Solution

- All-SiC MEMS

■ Key technology

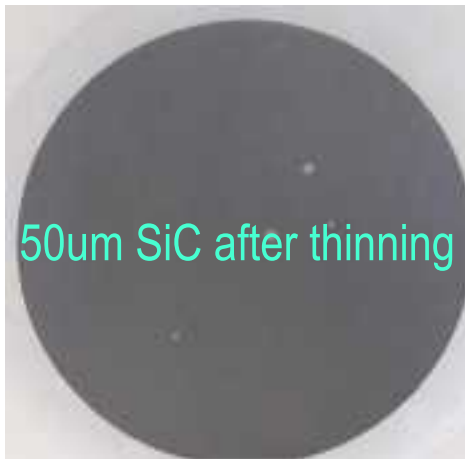
- SiC wafer bonding using SAB





All-SiC piezo-resistive pressure sensor

➤ Wafer thinning



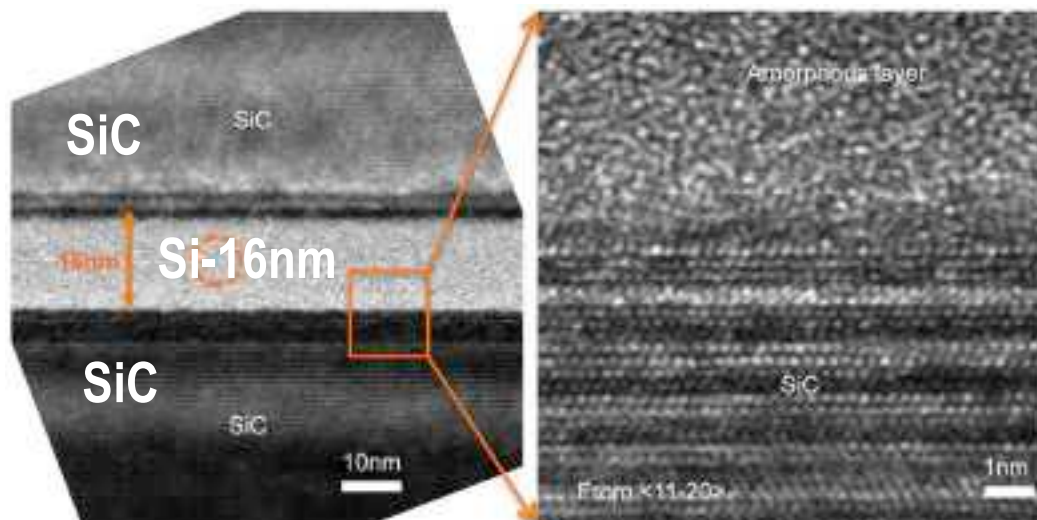
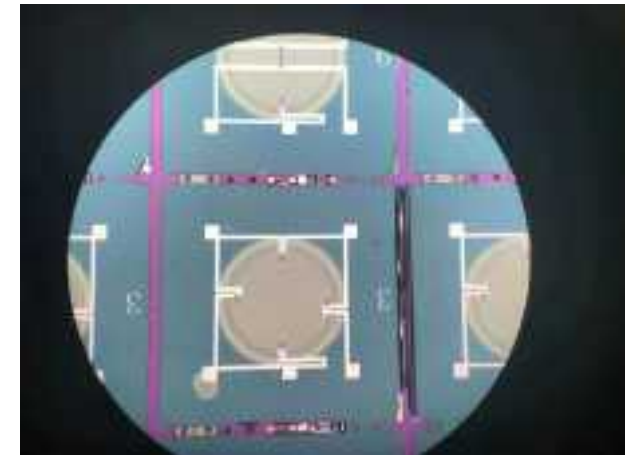
➤ Patterned wafer



➤ Alignment bonding of thin epi-SiC wafer



➤ Piezo-resistors fabrication



SAB of SiC wafers

➤ Hermeticity test: the lowest leak rate is $< 2 \cdot 10^{-12}$ Pa·m³/s, $<<$ MIL-STD-883H .

Ga_2O_3 - SiC bonding

collaboration
with

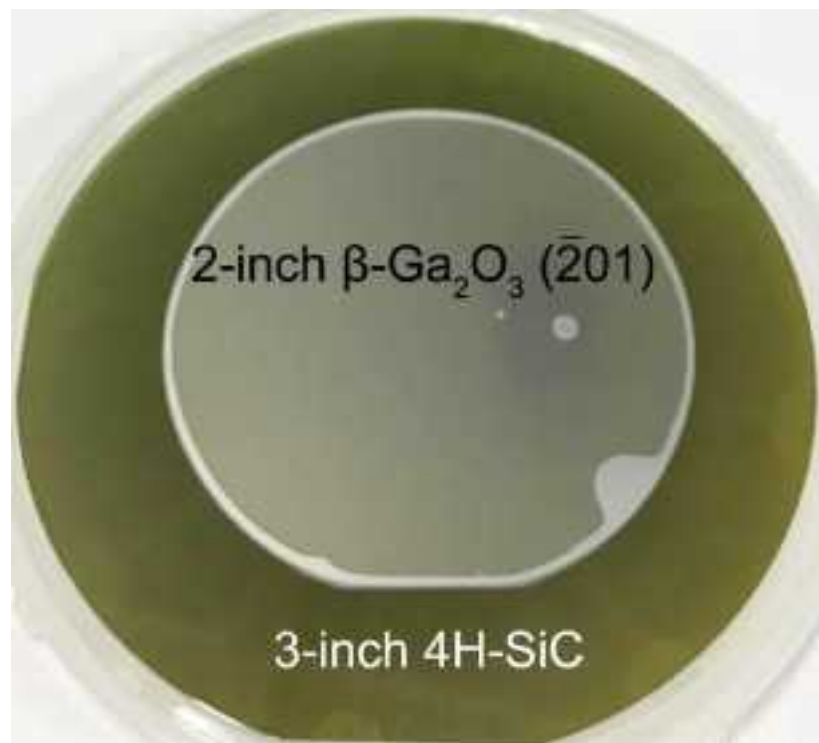
Xin Ou. (Shanghai Institute of Microsystem and Information Technology, CAS)

Mark S. Goorsky (UCLA)

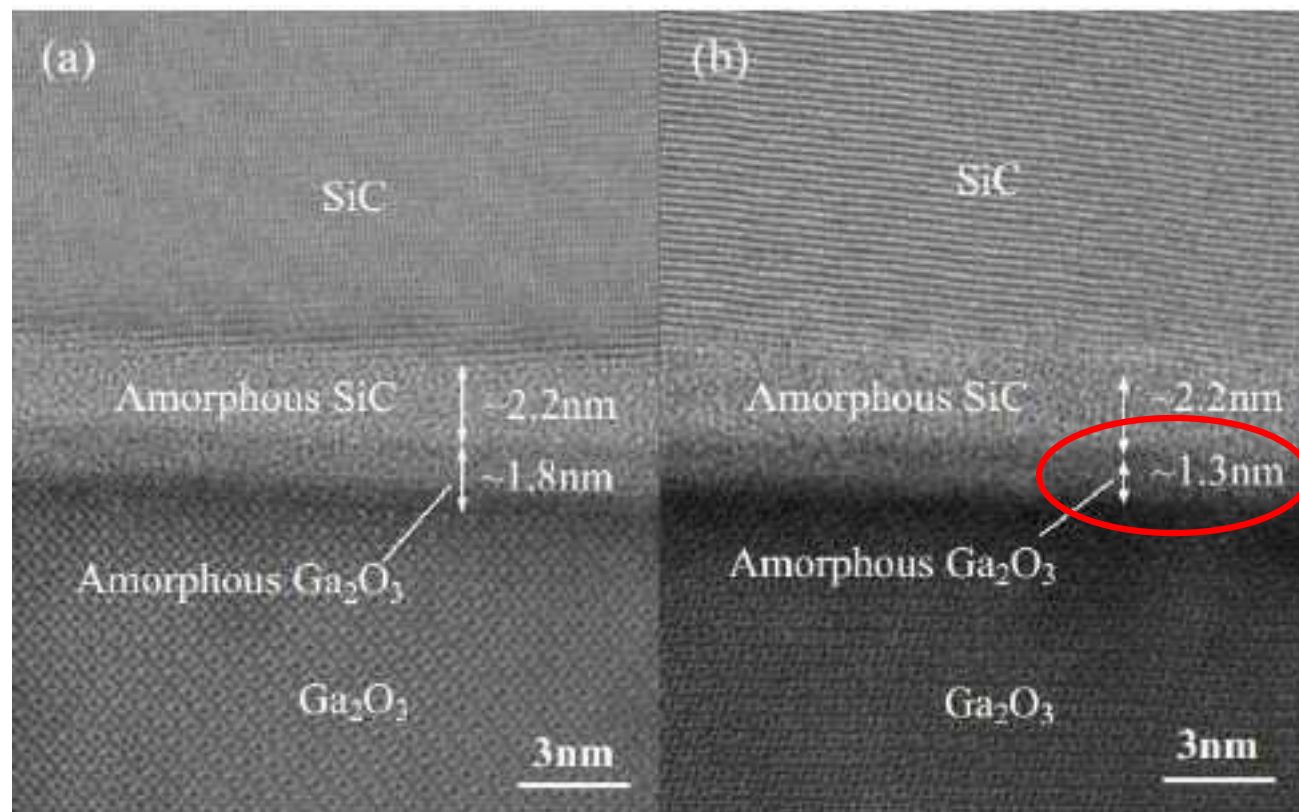
Samuel Graham (GIT)



Ga₂O₃ – SiC bonding using Si-doped SAB



- Room temp. bonding of $\beta\text{Ga}_2\text{O}_3$ -SiC by Si-doped SAB
- High bond strength: 2.3 J/m²



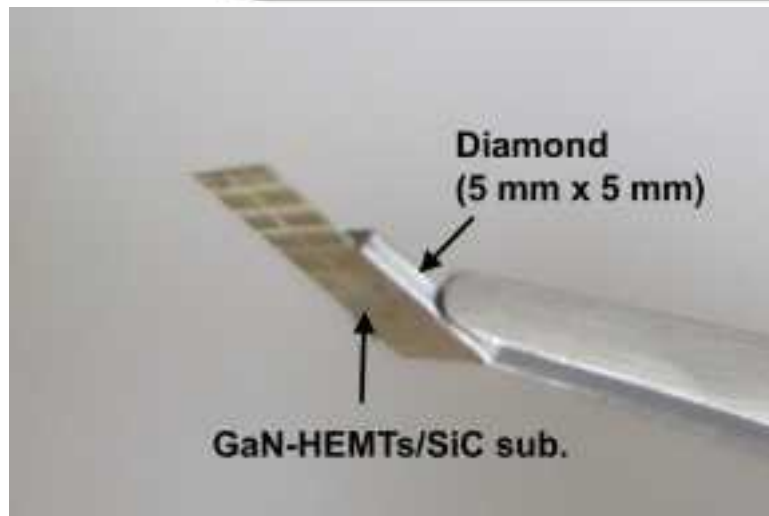
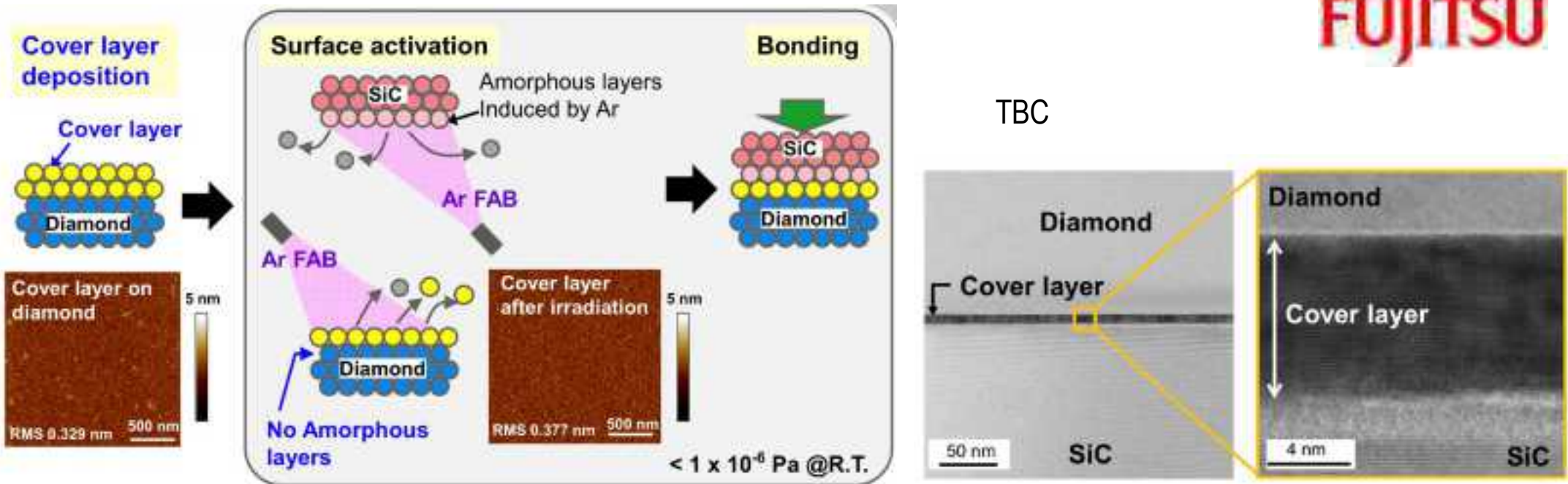
BF STEM images of the Ga₂O₃-SiC bonding interface
(a) before annealing (b) after annealing

Amorphous layer shrank
by interfacial diffusion

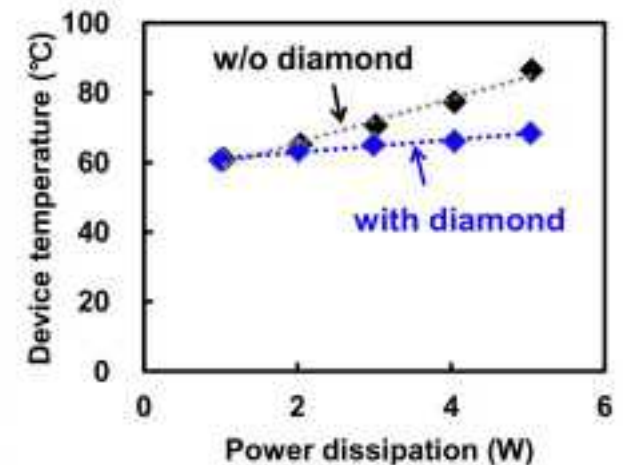
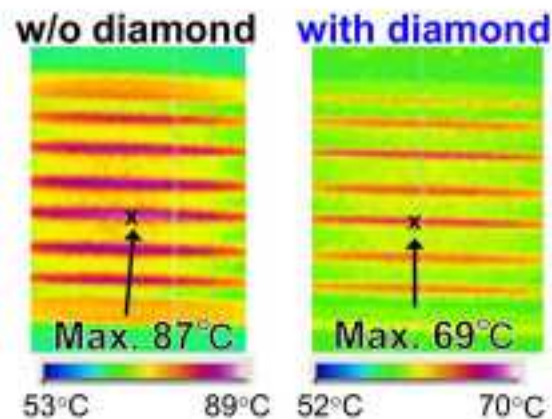
GaN-HEMT- Diamond Substrates



Bonding Single-crystal Diamond and SiC at Room Temperature by modified SAB



Temperature distribution at 5 W

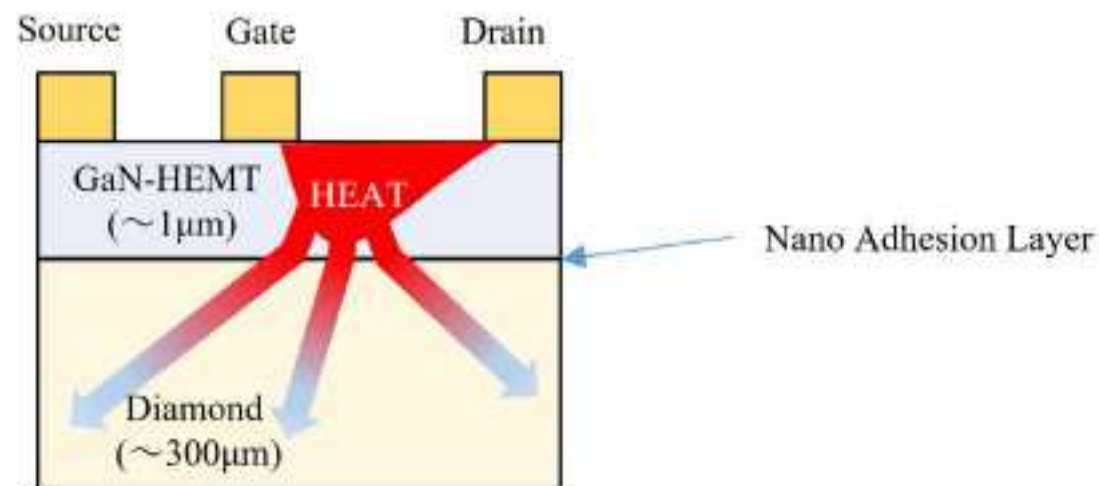
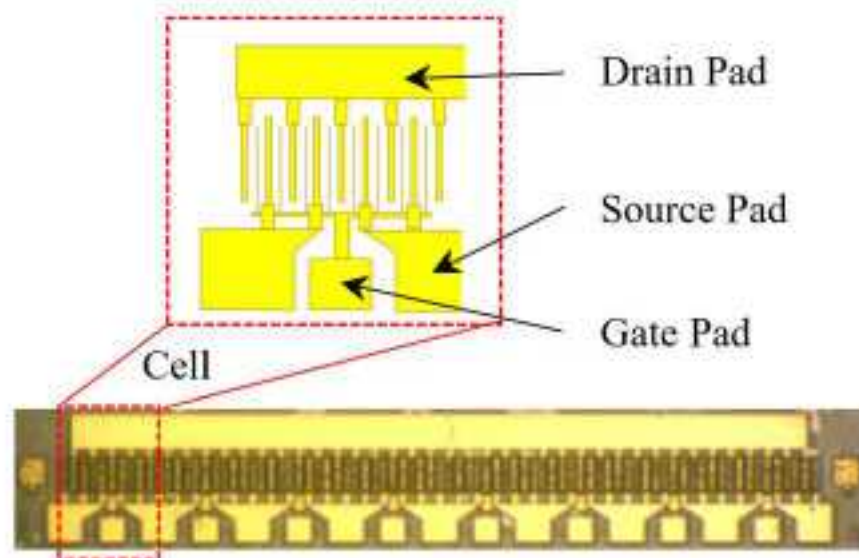




Mitsubishi Electric Develops World's First Multi-Cell GaN-HEMT Bonded Directly to Diamond Substrate

News release: September 2, 2019

Published in SSDM 2019, Nagoya, in collaboration with the Research Center for Ubiquitous MEMS and Micro Engineering, National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology (AIST)



The temperature rise of the GaN-HEMT decreased from 211 to 35 degrees Celsius.

The output per gate width improved from 2.8 W/mm to 3.1 W/mm as well as the power efficiency raised from 55.6 to 65.2 %

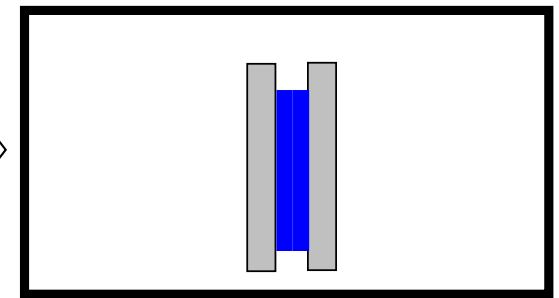
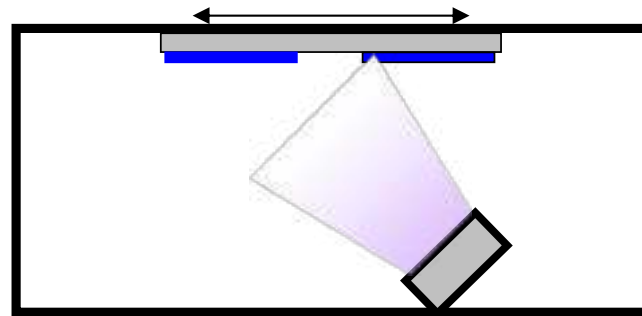
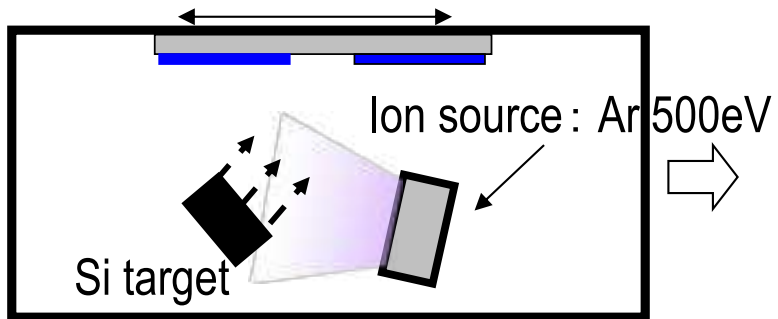


Bonding process

Si, metal, SiC deposition

Surface activation

Bonding



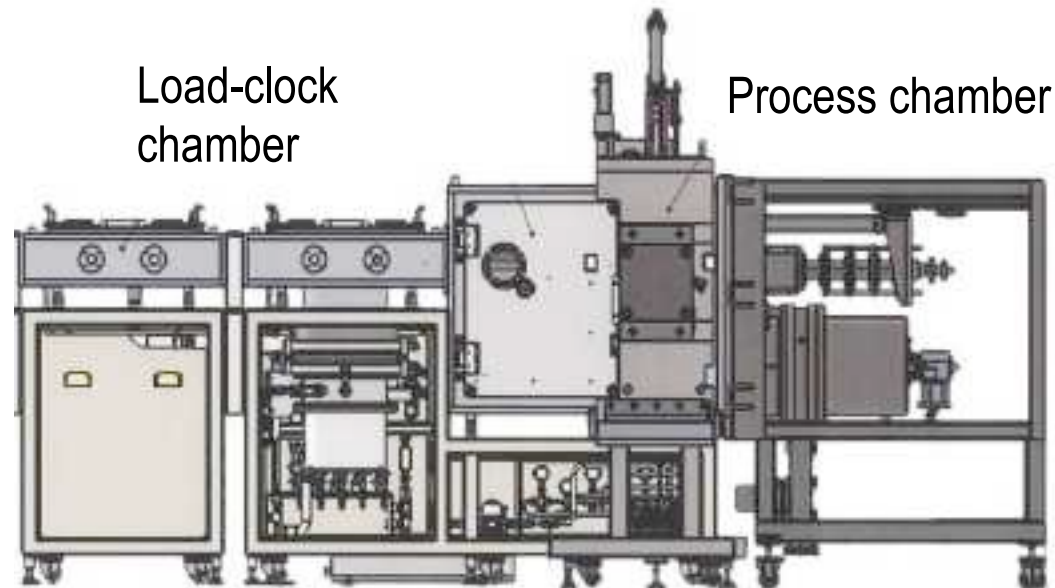
- in vacuum $\sim 10^{-7}$ Pa
- bonding load 20 kN



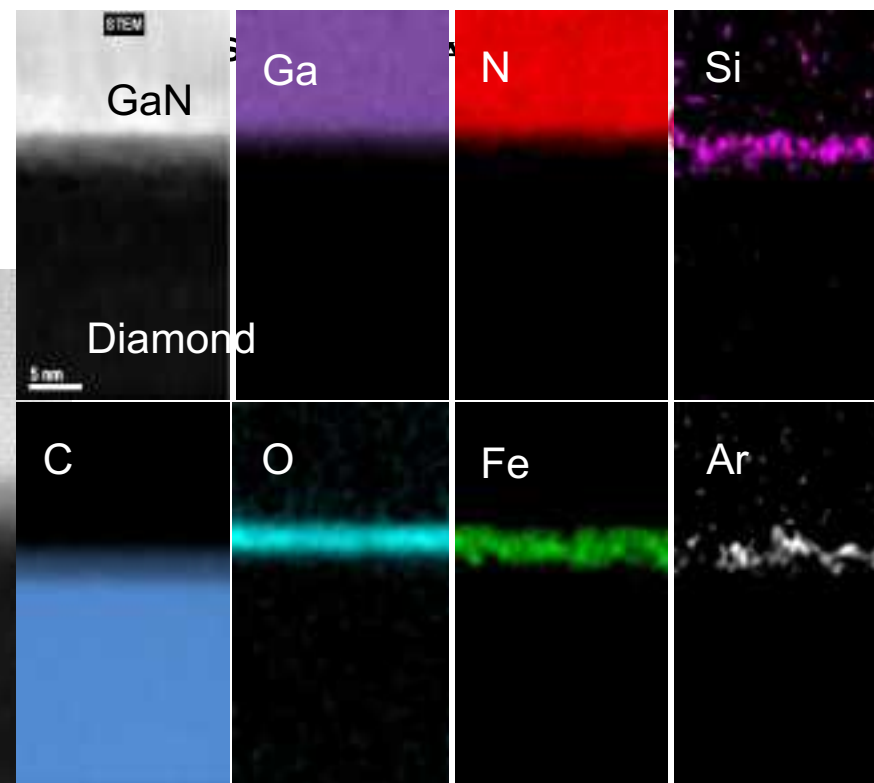
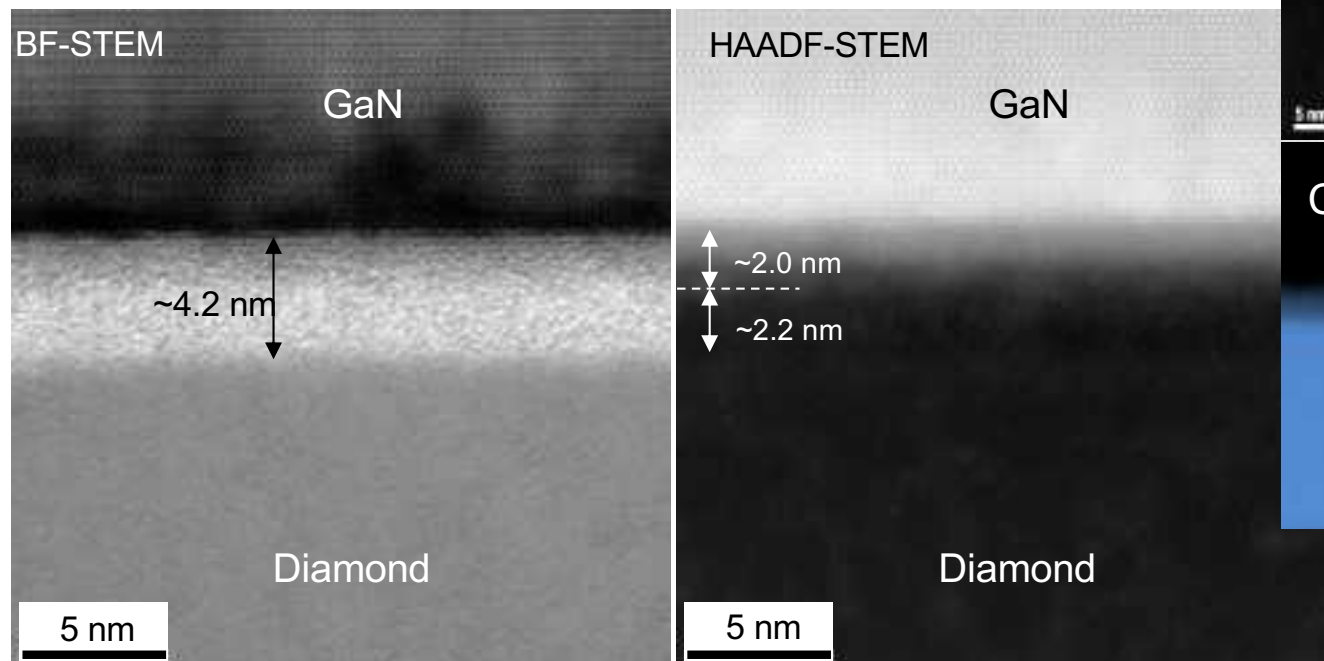
Confidential

Load-clock
chamber

Process chamber



SAB of GaN-Diamond using Si nano-adhesion layer



TBC (thermal barrier conductance) by TDTR* method

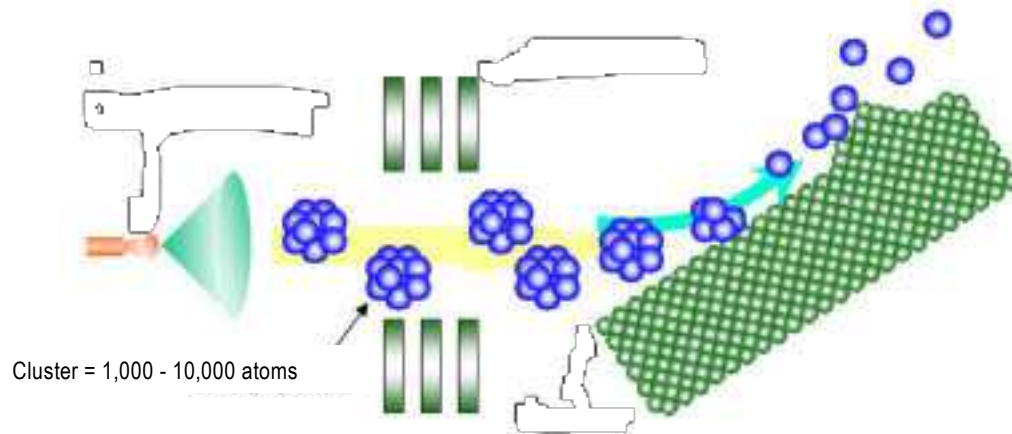
J. Cho et al.	Bonding (AlGaIn-diamond)	~700°C	3-42nm SiNx (142nm Al _{0.5} Ga _{0.5} N)	TDTR	~37 MW/m ² K (just SiNx layer)
L. Yates et al.	CVD growth (Diamond on GaN)	>600°C	~5nm SiNx	TDTR	>100 MW/m ² K
Suga et al.	SAB	Room temp.	<10 nm Si	TDTR	~53 MW/m ² K
Suga et al.	SAB	Room temp.	< 2 nm Si	TDTR	~92 MW/m ² K

world highest
2019

Polishing and bonding of diamond using GCIB



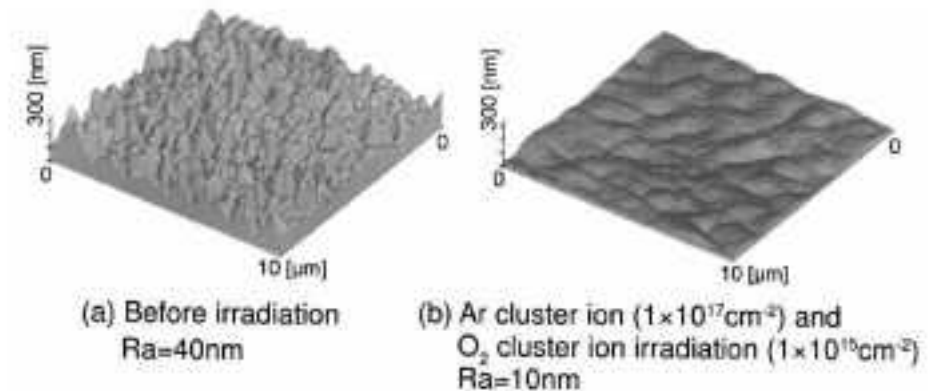
Polishing and bonding of diamond using GCIB



IIP-T Inc.

Gas-cluster ion beam (GCIB) irradiation

- High removal rate
- Low damage
- Reactive gas



N. Toyoda, N. Hagiwara, J. Matsuo, I. Yamada, (1999)

Bonding diamond

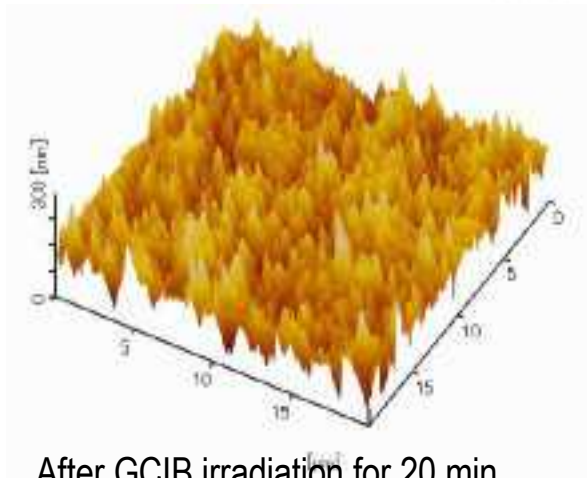
- only possible by Extended SAB
- Surface roughness Ra < 0.5 nm
- Warpage < 10 μm

Combined bonding process: GCIB-SAB

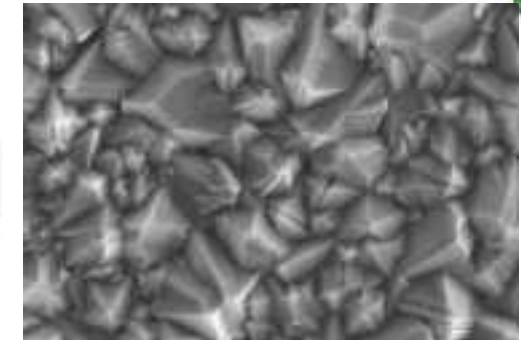
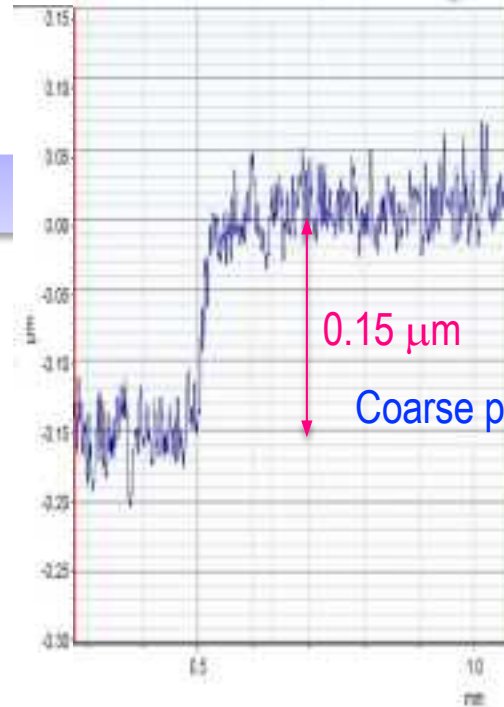
- Seamless process of polishing and bonding
- Low damage bonding



Polishing of Diamond wafer by GCIB



After GCIB irradiation for 20 min
Ra ~ 40 nm



CVD diamond as grown on Si
Ra ~ 200 nm

Optimized GCIB conditions

- Gas: Ar-SF₆, He-SF₆
- GCIB 30keV, $10^{14} \sim 10^{16}$ ions/cm²

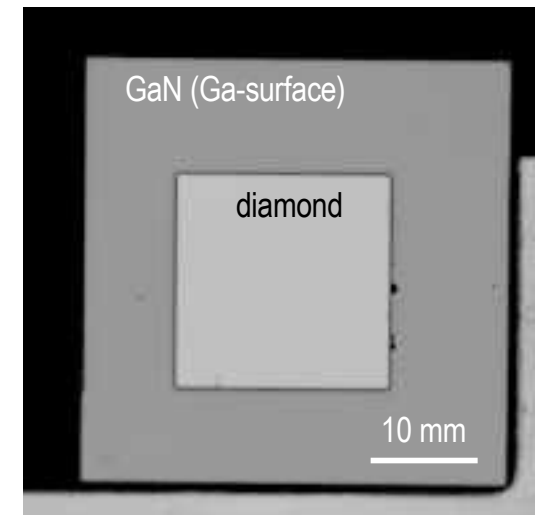
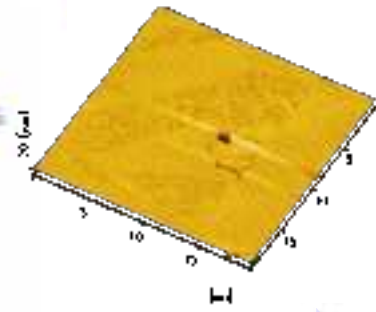
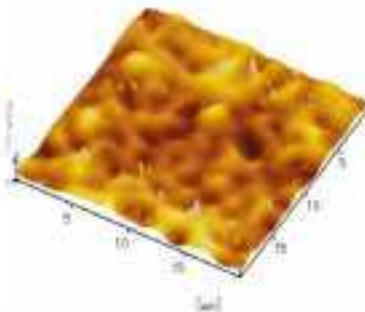
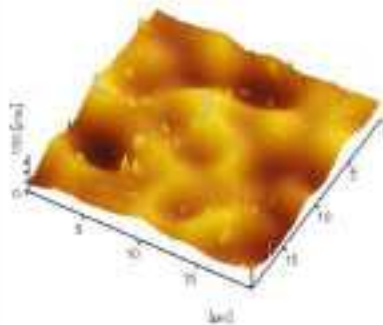
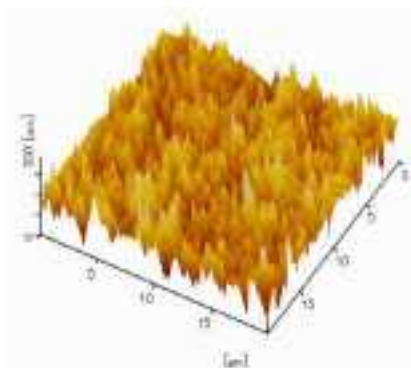
Fine polishing

RMS: ~50 nm
Ra: ~40 nm

RMS: ~25 nm
Ra: ~20 nm

RMS: ~10 nm
Ra: ~8 nm

RMS: ~3 nm
Ra: ~0.5 nm



SAM image of CVD diamond
bonded to GaN by extended SAB
with 10 nm Si nano-adhesion layer

Industry – University Collaboration



Institute for Advanced Micro-system Integration

URL <http://www.imsi.jp/>

一般社団法人

電子実装工学研究所

Institute for Advanced Micro-system Integration

- Founded in December 1997 by 11 semiconductor enterprises. Currently 41 company members run the 8th stage (3 years for each stage).
- **Scope**
 - Promotion of R&D for next generation
 - Global communication and standardization
 - Networking researchers and engineers
 - Cooperation with academia (Contract research)
- **Project working group**
 - WG1- High speed signal transmission system
 - WG2 - SAB - Room temperature bonding
 - WG3 - GaN power module integration
- **Research committee**
 - Application of Deep-Learning Concept on electronic systems.
 - Innovative Interface Bonding Technology - SAB

URL <http://www.imsi.jp/> Since 1997

2021.10

Institute for Advanced Micro-system Integration

TOSHIBA

Panasonic

NEC

KIOXIA

FE Fuji Electric

SONY

一般社団法人

電子実装工学研究所

Institute for Advanced Micro-system Integration

NTT

SHINKO

OLYMPUS

TAIYO YUDEN

muRata
INNOVATOR IN ELECTRONICS

**SUMITOMO
ELECTRIC**

Nikon

KYOCERA

AGC

azbil

Denka

LINTEC
Linking your dreams

Hitachi High-Tech

NICHIA

ADAMANT Namiki

NLM

ALPHA DESIGN CO.,LTD.

YAMAHA

Yamaha Robotics Holdings Co., Ltd.

ACCRETECH

B-Process
CMP Bonding, Grinding
Total solution.

EVG

TEL
TOKYO ELECTRON

Canon
CANON ANELVA CORPORATION

ME

Ayumi
INDUSTRY CO.,LTD.

SUSS MicroTec

bondtech

LAN
LIMITED TECHNICAL SERVICES CO., LTD.

Nidec NIDEC MACHINE TOOL

SAB equipment manufacturers



Standard SAB

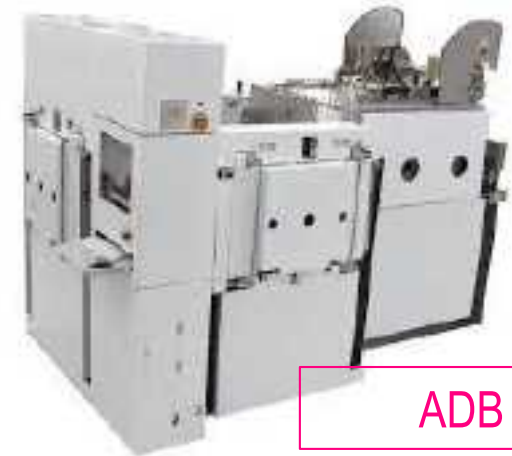


bondtech

Plasma AB

Standard SAB

Modified SAB



ADB

Canon

CANON ANELVA CORPORATION

Nidec NIDEC MACHINE TOOL



Ayumi
INDUSTRY CO., LTD.

Standard SAB



Standard SAB

LAN
LAN TECHNICAL SERVICE CO., LTD.

Modified SAB
OLED sealing

ME
MITSUBISHI ELECTRIC



Standard SAB

ADB

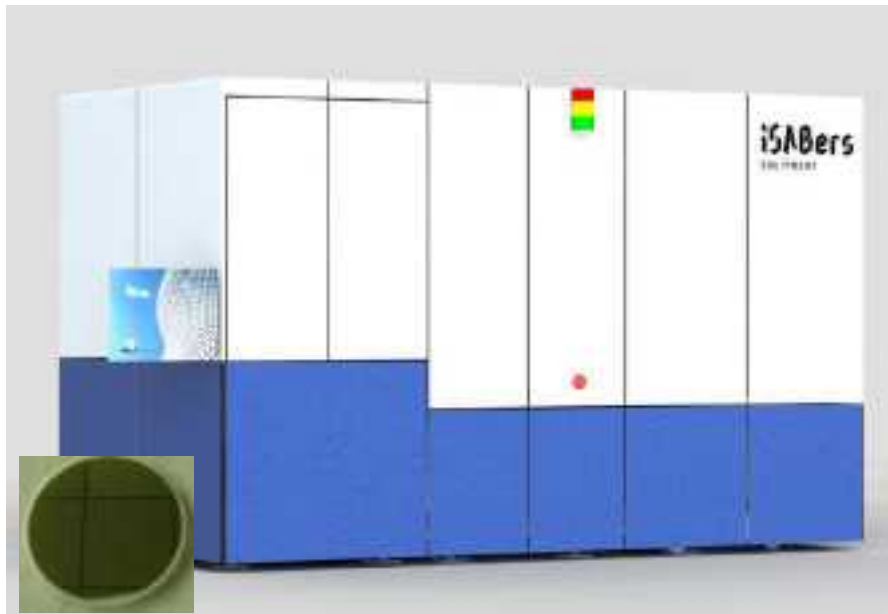


天津中科晶禾电子科技有限公司

SABers Co.,Ltd. Dr. Fengwen Mu (母 风文)



- 核心产品：室温晶圆键合设备&低温烧结互连设备&半导体材料



适用于新型衬底、先进封装、新型传感器等



适用于3D集成、功率模块封装等



全国集成电路大赛
全国总决赛一等奖

海内存知己，天涯若比邻



开拓和建立科技合作

■ 1988年-上海冶金所

~32年前第一次到中国参加 日中科学技术交流协会在 中国科学院上海冶金研究所 组织的“Sino-Japanese Symposium on Metal Physics and Physical Metallurgy”的学术会议



Japan-China Symposium
on Interface and Bonding of
Dissimilar Materials
Tokyo, 1990

■ 1990年-东京



左より、諸住正太郎先生(東北大)、坂田君子先生(金材研)、筆者、橋口隆吉先生、石田洋一先生(東大)

■ 1993年-沈阳金属所

■ 1995-1997年-中国科技大学



和黄文浩教授共同指导 博士生
-褚家如 (现中科大教授)



开拓和建立科技合作

■ 2003年-从东京大学先端技术研究所牵头在无锡设立交流机构

■ 2005年-东京大学无锡代表处

～2005年从东京大学工学院牵头在无锡设立东京大学无锡代表处开展和中国的产学研合作。



开幕式@无锡, 2005年11月4日

■ 2009年-东京大学国际产学研合作中心

～2009年在无锡设立东京大学国际产学研合作中心，开展中日间在半导体、物联网、环境和其他工程领域的产学研合作。



第二期合作协议@东京, 2009年6月



开拓和建立科技合作

2003-2014年-产学研交流及共同研究





2011-2016年：中国科学院微电子所

2011. 6

同东大师生访问微电子所



2012. 2

微电子所访问东京大学



2012.12

受聘微电子所“荣誉教授”



2014. 4

协助02专项副总师王曦院士访问东京大学



2016.9

第三届全球传感器论坛并做大会特邀报告



2011.10

在无锡东大代表处和微电子所与物联网中心技术交流



2012.7

第二届UT Eng- CIT-China技术研讨会（无锡）



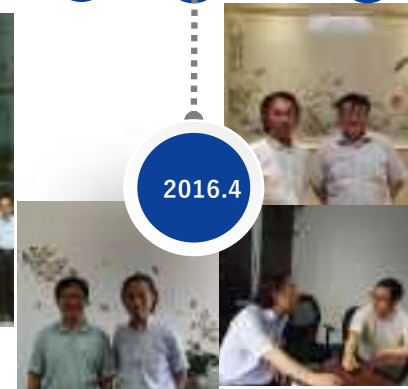
2013.9

参加第三届中日信息及电子材料研讨会



2016.4

获中科院国际访问学者计划资助
提案SiC高温压力传感器研发新方案



2016.10

协助02专项叶甜春总师访问东京大学





2017年-2021年：微电子所昆山分所

2017.10

铂催化甲酸处理铜及氧化银粉低温烧结项目提案及立项

2018.4



派研究生赴日联合培养

2018.4



与微电子所续聘荣誉教授

参加第二届亚太碳化硅及相关材料国际会议并做邀请报告

2019.7



在昆山组织低温键合研讨会

2019.12



昆山市高新区人才奖励大会

2018.2



2018.4



与华为技术有限公司交流并做报告

2019.1

与昆山维信诺科技有限公司签署联合实验室协议



2019.10

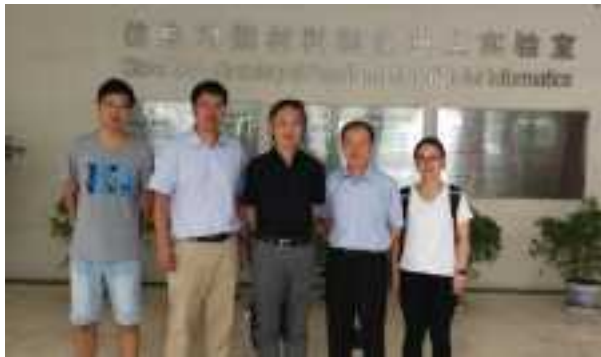
在昆山组织国际专家工作室校企对接会





国内院校合作交流

和国内各高校院所进行合作交流，为所需 共性关键技术 提供咨询及指导并探讨合作



中国科学院上海微系统研究所



复旦大学



清华大学



西安交通大学



中北大学





学会及联盟的交流



促成了IEEE EPS系列 ICEP（日本）国际学术会议及ICEPT（中国）国际学术会议的官方沟通和交流渠道



邀请本部所长参加ICEP国际会议并做大会特邀报告 介绍现任日本电子封装学会会长等 推荐ICEP（日本）国际学术会议的历届大会主席赴中国参加ICEPT国际学生会议并交流

组织三维集成与低温键合国际学术会议

促进我单位和日本企业中国研发公司的交流与合作



邀请我单位师生参加在日本组织的专业国际会议并做报告

介绍日本富士通中国公司及日本武藏工业中国公司的负责人等进行交流



产学研对接及交流

为和地方经信委、科技局及企业进行交流提供专业技术指导



联合昆山市经信委组织的院企交流对接会议

参加学术及产业合作论坛、各院所开展报告和交流从而提升了所在单位的产学研国际合作渠道和环境



阳澄湖创新论坛-半导体产业技术及应用国际会议



光电产业协同创新论坛



和昆山科技局进行技术交流

举行联合实验室及合作院企技术讨论会



电子封装技术国际会议



邀请本所所长参加在其东京大学的最终讲议上邀请报告